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RABBI SHNEUR ZALMAN OF LIADI
TRANSLATED AND EXPLAINED

לקוטי תוֹרָה

פָּרַשַׁת נִצָּבִים – רֹאשׁ הַשְּׁנָה

מַאַמֶר

כִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךָ

"Our Ability to Renew Creation"

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Likutay Torah לקוטי תורה

פָּרָשַׁת נִצָּבִים – רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה

אַמָר

בִּי קַרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ¹

'דף מ"ו עַמוּד א

"Our Ability to Renew Creation"

(8) Chapter 1

In Parshas Nitzavim, Moshe Rabeinu tells the Jewish People that the fulfillment of the Torah and Mitzos is very accessible and doable. First, the Alter Rebbe will explain these verses on a mystical level. Then, he will apply the verses to our service of Hashem on Rosh Hashanah, which is always in the week following Parshas Nitzavim:

"[כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְךְ הַיוֹם לֹא נִפְּלֵאת הַוֹּא רְחֹקָה הִוּא]...בִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הָוֹא בְחֹקָה הִוּא]...בִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַּוֹא בְחַלְּה רָוֹא]...בָּי לְצְשׁתוֹ] וְגוֹ"² הַדְּבָר מְאַד בְּפִירְ [וּבִלְּבָבְךְ לַצְשׁתוֹ] וְגוֹ"² (פַרְשַׁתנוֹ ל, יא-יד):

"For this mitzvah that I (Hashem) command you today, it is not 'הְּחַקְּה' from you, rather it is very accessible to you, in your mouth and in your heart, to do it." (Devarim 30:11-14)

לְהָבִין בָּפֶל הַלְּשׁוֹן בְּמַה שֶׁנֶאֲמַר תְּחִלָּה "לא נִפְלֵאת הִיא מִמְךָ וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיא" (פַרַשַּׁתִנוֹ לִ,יא). To understand this verse, we first need to understand the double expression, "It is not -נָפְלָאת' from you."

^{ַ (}נָאֶמַר שַׁבָּת פָּרָשַׁת נִצְבִים, כ"ג אֱלוּל תקס"ג, שַׁבָּת שֶׁקוֹדֶם רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה תקס"ד).

^{ַ? (}פֶּרֶק ה' דְעֵירוּבִין, נ"ד, א' ["אֵימָתַי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ? בִּזְמַן שֶׁ**בְּפִיךְ וּבִלְבָרְךְ לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ**"].

רַבּוֹת: כִּי תִשָּׁא, פָּרָשָׁה וַמ"]ז ["שֶׁהְהֵא יָגֵעַ בָּהֶם בְּפִיךְ. וְכֵן הוּא אוֹמֵר: בְּפִיךְ וּבִלְּבָבְךְ לַעֲשֹׁתוֹ"]. וְסוֹף פָּרָשַׁת נִצָּבִים. "תָּנָא דְבֵי אֵלִיָּהוּ": חֵלֶק א', פֶּרֶק כ"ז. חֵלֶק ב', פֶּרֶק י"ד).

אַךְ הִנֵּה "נִפְלֵאת", עִם שֶׁהוּא לְשׁוֹן **פֶּלֶא** הוא גַם כֵּן לְשׁוֹן **הַפְּרְשָׁה**, כְּמוֹ "לְפַלֵּא נֶדְר" (בְּפָרָשַׁת אֱמוֹר כ"ב, כ"א) וְתַרְגוּמוֹ: "לְפָּרְשָׁא". וִכֵן פֵּירֵשׁ רַשִׁ"י שָׁם: לְהַפִּרִישׁי.

However, the idea is as follows: The word 'נְּפְלֵאת'-removed' comes from the word 'פְּלֶא'-separation,' as in the verse, "אַפָּלָא'-to separate oneself from something permissible יָּנֶדֶר with a vow," as both the Targum Unkelos and Rashi translate it there.

ְהָעַנְיֶן, כִּי: "תְּלֵת דַרְגִּין אִינּוּן מִתְקַשְּׁרָאן דָא בְּדָא: קוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־הוּא וְאוֹרַיִיתָא וְיִשְׂרָאֵל. וְכָל חַד, דַּרְגָּא עַל דַּרְגָּא, סָתִים וגליא"٠.

This idea will be understood from the following quote of the Holy Zohar (III, 73a): "There are three 'levels' that are bound up with each other: Hashem, the Torah, and the Jewish People. Each of these three levels has a 'סַּתִּים' hidden,' inner aspect, and a 'בַּלְיָא' revealed, outer aspect."

פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁכָּל אֶחָד הוּא בִּבְחִינַת "סוֹבֵב" וּ"מִמַלֵּא":

Meaning that each one of these three 'levels' has a 'Soveiv-encompassing' aspect, and a 'Memalei-permeating' aspect.

"מְמַלֵּא" הוּא בִּבְחִינַת הַלְבָּשָׁה וַהֲשָׂגָה וְנָקָרָא "גַּלְיָא"ּ, 'Memalei' is the aspect that can be limited to a format that can be understood and grasped, and is

^{ַ (}וְכַנְּזְכָּר מִזֶּה (לְעֵיל פָּרָשַׁת צַו ז, ג וָאֵילָךְ) בְּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַאֲכַלְתֶּם אָכוֹל" (יוֹאֵל ב, כו. גַבֵּי **"לְהַפְּלִיא**" (שָׁם). וְאֶפְשָׁר שָׁהֵם עִנְיָן אֶחָד. כִּי מַה שֶׁהוּא מוּפְרָשׁ וּמוּבְדָּל הֲרֵי זֶה כְּעִנְיַן הַפֶּלֶא, שׁהוּא גַם כֵּן עִנִין הַמְּכוּסֶּה וָנָעֵלָם וְאֵינוֹ מוּשָׂג. וְכֵן כָּתַב בַּ"שָׁרָשִׁים").

[ָ]רָבְאוּרֵי הַזֹּהַר לְהַצְּמֵח צֶרֶק כֶּרֶךְ א עַמּוּד תקל: "וְהַנֵּה הַשָּׁרָשִׁים בְּשֹׁרֶשׁ פֶּלֶא עָשוּוּ שְׁנֵי שָׁרְשִׁים: אֶחָד – לְשׁוֹן פֶּלֶא מַה שָׁאֵינוֹ מוּשָׁג, הַב' – לְשׁוֹן הַפָּרָשָׁה וְהַבְּדָּלָה וּפֵירוּד כְּמוֹ "לְפַלֵּא נֶדֶר", וְבֵן פֵּירֵשׁ רַשִׁ"י גַּבֵּי לְפַלֵּא נֶדֶר". וּשִׁם מצַיִּין לְבַאן).

⁴ (זֹהַר חֵלֶק ג עג, א).

[ַ] וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְנִקְדַשְׁתִּי בְּתוֹךְ בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְעֵיל אֱמוֹר לא, א וָאֵילָךְ), בְּפֵירוּשׁ וְעָנִין "**עַלְמֵא דָאָתִגַלִיִיא**".

therefore called 'the גַּלְיָאrevealed, outer aspect.'

יָ"סוֹבֵב" הוא לְמַעָלָה מֵהַדַּעַת וְהַהַשְּׂגָה יּ

The level of 'Soiveiv' is above our ability to know and understand, and is therefore 'סָתִים'-hidden' from us.

וּבַתּוֹרָה יֵשׁ גַּם כֵּן גַּלְּיָא וְסָתִים׳, וּבְנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאֵל יֵשׁ גַּם כֵּן גַּלְיָא וְסָתִיםּ. In the Torah as well, there are these two levels of 'בַּלְיָא' revealed' and 'סַתִּים' hidden;' and in the Jewish people also there are these two levels of 'בַּלְיָא' revealed' and 'בַּלִיָא' hidden.'

וְיִ**שְּׂרָאֵל מִתְקַשְּׁרָאן בְּאוֹרַיִיתָא** – שֶׁהַשְּׂגַת הַתּוֹרָה מְלוּבֶּשֶׁת בְּכָל אֶחָד וְאָחָד מִישִׂרָאֵל,

We quoted from the Zohar that "The Jewish People are connected to the Torah." This means that the knowledge of the Torah is already invested in every single Jew,

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבֶּתוֹב (רוּת ד, ז): "וְזֹאת לְּפָנִים בְּיִשְׂרָאֵל", "וְאֵין 'זֹאת' אֶלָּא תּוֹרָה" -שֵׁהָיא מִלוּבֵשֶׁת בִּפְנִימִיוּת כוּי׳. as it says, (Rus 4:7) "And 'דאתר this' was 'לְּבָנִים' -before' in the Jewish People."¹¹ The word

⁶ וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְיָדַעְתָּ הַיּוֹם" גַבֵּי **דַעַת וָאֵמוּנָה** (לְעֵיל וָאֶתְחַנַּן ד, א וָאֵילְךְ). וּמַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַיַּרְא יִשְׂרָאֵל אֶת כוּ' וַיַּאֲמִינוּ בַּה'" (תוֹרָה אוֹר בְּשַׁלַח סב, א).

יּנְכָמוֹ שֵׁנְתַבָּאֵר בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתִחִיל "תּוֹרָה צְּוָה" (לְקַמֵּן פַּרְשַׁת בִּרָכָה).

^{ֶּ} כַּמְבוֹאָר: לְעֵיל עַל פָּסוּק "כִּי תֵצֵא" (לה, ג). וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "הַיּוֹם הַזֶּה [..] מְצַוְּךְ" (לְעֵיל מב, א). וּבְדָבוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "יוֹנָתִי בְּחַגְנֵי" (לְקַמֶּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים טוֹ, ד).

º (עֻבוֹדָה זָרָה ב, ב. תַּנָא דְבֵי אֵלִיָהוּ זוּטָא פֵּרֵק א).

יח, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר (לְעֵיל פָּרְשַׁת רְאֵה יח, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר יַם (לְעֵיל פָּרְשַׁת רְאֵה יח, ד). וּבְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "רְאֵה אָנֹכִי נוֹתַן" (לְעֵיל פָּרְשַׁת רְאֵה יח, ד). וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַיָּהִי מִקָּץ" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר לא, ג).

[ּ]וְעַיֵּין מֵענְיַן **״וְזֹאת לְפָנִים**״: בְּרַבּוֹת: רֵישׁ פֶּרָשַׁת נָשׂא. וּבְרוּת עַל פָּסוּק זֶה. זֹהַר חֵלֶק ג', חֻקַּת, ק"פ סוֹף עַמוּד א').

¹¹ According to the simple meaning, the verse is describing the process of acquisition (kinyan) by giving someone an object in order to a acquire a different object from that person, called "kinyan chalifin." This process was performed by Boaz when he wished to "acquire" the right to marry Rus from a closer relative of her former husband, Machlon.

this' is a reference to the Torah, and the word 'לְּבָנִים' -before' can also mean 'לְּבָנִים' -to their innermost being.' Thus, the phrase can be interpreted, "And this Torah is already invested within the soul of every Jew."

וְאוֹרַיְיתָא מִתְקַשְׁרָאָה בְּקוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־ הוּא - דְאוֹרַיְיתָא וְקוּדְשָׁא בְּרִיךְ־הוּא כּוֹלָא חדיי. The quote from the Zohar continues: "And the Torah is connected to Hashem," since "the Torah is completely unified with Hashem."

וְהַיְינוּ שֶׁהַתּוֹרָה הִיא הַמְּמוּצָע הַמְּחַבֵּר וּמְקַשֵׁר בְּחִינַת אֱלֹהוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ בְּנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאֵל, בְּבִחִינַת מִמֵלֵּא וּבִבְחִינַת סוֹבֵב: Meaning that the Torah is the intermediary that connects and binds Hashem's Divinity with the Jewish People, and this is true regarding the levels of both 'Memalei' and 'Soveiv.'

שֶׁיְהֵא הִתְקַשְּׁרוּת בְּחִינַת גַּלְיָא שֶׁבְּנִשְׁמוֹת יִשְׂרָאֵל לִבְחִינַת גַּלְיָא דְּהַקָּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ־הוּא – בְּחִינַת 'מְמֵלֵּא כָּל עָלְמִין'.

The Torah connects the בְּלְיָא revealed' aspect of Jewish souls to the 'בְּלִיָא' revealed' aspect of Hashem, which is how He is 'Memalei-permeates all worlds,'

וּבְחִינַת פְּנִימִיוּת וְסָתִים שֶׁבְּנִשְׁמוֹת־ יִשְׂרַאֵל לִבְחִינַת 'סוֹבֵב כַּל עַלִמִין'.

and it [the Torah] connects the inner, 'סְתִים'-hidden' aspect of Jewish souls to the inner, 'סְתִים' hidden' aspect of Hashem, which is how He is "Soveivencompassing all worlds."

וְהַיִינוּ עַל יְדֵי דְּאוֹרַיִיתָא גַּם כֵּן "סָתִים וְהַלְיָא"נּ. וְגַלְיָא"נּ. The Torah is able to do this because it also has these two levels

He gave his shoe in exchange for the rights to marry Rus. The simple meaning of the verse "וְזֹאַת לְפָנִים בְּיִשְׂרָאֵל" is that "This (process of acquisition) was a longtime (custom) among the Jewish People."

ינין [בַּזֹהַר] בְּפָרָשַׁת בְּשַׁלַח (דַף ס' סוֹף עַמוּד א'). בּזֹהַר] בְּפָרָשַׁת בְּשַׁלַח

וֹסוֹף דְּבּוּר (וְעַיֵּין מָה שֶׁנִּתָבָּאֵר: בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתִחִיל "וְלֹא תַשְׁבִּית מֶלַח" (לְעֵיל וַיִּקְרָא ה, ג). וְסוֹף דְּבּוּר

ְוֶיֶהוּ "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאת כּוּ׳ לֹא נִפְּלֵאת וְגּוֹּ"– רְצוֹנוֹ לוֹמַר, שֶׁאֵינוֹ מוּפְרָשׁ מִמְךְ כְּלָל, דְהַיִינוּ שֶׁהִיא בְּחִינַת מְמֵלֵא, שֶׁמִּתְלַבֵּשׁ בְּתוֹךְ עַצְמוּת נִשְׁמוֹת־יִשְׂרָאֵל. of 'סָתִים-hidden' and -גַּלְנָא' revealed.'

This is the meaning of the verse, "For this Mitzvah that Hashem commands you, 'הַלְּאַרְּאַרִיּ -it is not removed' from you." The verse means to say that it is not separate from you at all, since it is a reference to the level of 'Memalei' of the Torah, which is already invested in the essence of the soul of each Jew.

"וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיא" - בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, שֶׁאֵינָה מִתְלַבֶּשֶׁת, אֲבָל אֵינָה רְחוֹקָה – שֶׁמֵּאִיר דֶּרֶךְ מַקִּיף. And when the verse says, "It is not 'הַחְלְּהַר," this is a reference to the level of 'Soveiv' of the Torah, which is not directly invested in us, but is not far away either, since it shines into us in an encompassing manner.

וּפֵירוּשׁ "אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם" (פֶּרְשָׁתֵנוּ ל, יא): הַיִּינוּ כִּי "בְּכָל יוֹם יִהְיוּ בְּעֵינֶיךְ בַּחֲדָשִׁים". כִּי הַתּוֹרָה נִצְחִית, וּבְכָל יוֹם אנוּ אוֹמרים "היּוֹם". The meaning of the words in the verse, "That I, (Hashem), command you today," is that every day, the Torah and Mitzvos should be in our eyes like something new, since the Torah is eternal and unchanging, and every day we say that it is "today" that we are receiving the Torah and Mitzvos.

וְכֵן: "וְהָיוּ הַדְּבָרִים הָאֵלֶּה אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם" (הַאֶתְחַנֵּן וּ, וּ), אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ליּי: "שֶׁיִּהְיוּ

Similarly, regarding the verse, (Devarim 6:6) "[Hashem says:] **And**

הַמַּתְחִיל "שׁוּבָה יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְקַמֶּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים סה, ג).

וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בַּבֵּיאוּר עַל פָּסוּק "וְעָשׁוּ לָהֶם צִיצִית" (בַּסִידּוּר עַם דַא"ח ג, ג וָאֵילְךְ), בְּעִנְיַן "עוֹטָה אוֹר כַּשַּׂלְמָה", וּבְעִנְיָן שֶׁ"הַתּוֹרָה נִיתְּנָה בְּאֵשׁ שְׁחוֹרָה עַל גַּבֵּי אֵשׁ לְבָנָה", דְּהַיְינוּ שֶׁיֵשׁ בָּהּ "עוֹטָה אוֹר כַּשַּׂלְמָה", וּבְעִנְיָן שֶׁ"הַתּוֹרָה נִיתְּנָה בְּאֵשׁ שְׁחוֹרָה עַל גַּבֵּי אֵשׁ לְבָנָה", דְּהַיְינוּ שֶׁיֵשׁ בָּהּ פַּנִימִיּּת וְחָיצוֹנִיּוֹת כוּ').

יג מְסִפְּרֵי. אָנֶקת זוּטַרָתָא וָאֶתְחַנַּן וּ, וּ. תַּנְחוּמָא (בּוֹבֶּר) יִתְרוֹ יג, יֹ. הוּבָא בְּרַשִׁ"י: תָּבוֹא כוּ, טז. עֵקֶב יא, יג מִסְפְּרֵי. 14

בַּעֵינֵיךָ כַּחֲדָשִׁים"15.

these words of Torah of Mine that I command you today, should be on your heart." Our Sages commented, "This means that every day the words of Torah should be like something new in your eyes." (Midrash Tanchuma on Shemos 13:10)

וּכְמַאֶמָר "הַיּוֹם לַעֲשׂוֹתָם, וּלְמָחָר לְקַבֵּל שִׂכָרַם"ּם,

As it says, "<u>Today</u> is for doing the Mitzvos, and <u>tomorrow</u> is for receiving their reward."

שֶׁבָּל עוֹלָם־הַזֶּה עַד "לְמָחָר" שֶׁהוּא קִבּוּל שָׂכָר נִקְרָא "הַיּוֹם".

We see that the entire time of This World (when we do Mitzvos), up until "tomorrow" – meaning the World to Come, which is the time of the reward – is called "today."

וּבְרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה אָנוּ אוֹמְרִים^ת: "זֶה **הַיּוֹם** תְּחַלַת מֵעֲשֶׂיךָ" - שָׁכָּל רֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה נַעֲשֶׂה בִּבְחִינַת "הַיּוֹם" מֵחָדָשׁ וְנִמְשַׁךְ עַל כָּל הַשַּׁנַה. Now, on Rosh Hashana we say, "This day is the beginning of Your (Hashem's) works," meaning that on every Rosh Hashana there is a new "today," which brings a new ability to fulfill Mitzvos (ie. a new "today to do the Mitzvos"), and this new strength and capability to fulfill Mitzvos is then drawn down into the rest of the year.

אַך צָרִיךְ לְהָבִין מַה שֶּׁאָמְרוּ רַזַ"לּיּ: "אָדָם נִדּוֹן **בְּכָל יוֹם**"?

However, we need to understand what our Sages said, (Rosh Hashana 16a) "A person is judged every day," not only on Rosh Hashana.

ָוָאֶתְחַנַן וּ, וֹ. הוּבָא בְּלָקַח טוֹב שָׁם. וּבַמִּדְרָשׁ אַגָּדָה שָׁם).

[ַ]רִים א, א־ב). אַנּתָבָּאֵר מְזֶה בִּדְבּוּר הַמַּתָחִיל "צִיּוֹן בְּמִשְׁפָּט תִּפָּדֶה" (לְעֵיל דְּבָרִים א, א־ב).

^{.(}עֲבוֹדָה זָרָה ג, א). ¹⁶

^{17 (}בִּתְפָלַת מוּסָף).

^{18 (}רֹאשׁ הַשַּׁנָה טז, א).

גַם רֹאשׁ־חֹדֶשׁ נִקְרָא "רָאשֵׁי־חֲדָשִׁים"יּי; וְכֵן שַׁבָּת:

Also, Rosh Chodesh is called "the heads of the months," and Shabbos is the head of the week, so every month Hashem gives a new power for the entire month, and on Shabbos for the entire week.

"מִדֵּי חֹדֶשׁ בְּחָדְשׁוֹ, וּמִדֵּי שַׁבָּת בְּשַׁבַּתּוֹ" (יִשַּעָיָה סו, כג). like it says, "And it will be that every month on Rosh Chodesh, and every week on Shabbos, all flesh will come before Me (to be judged), says Hashem." (Yeshaya 66:23)

We see that not only on Rosh Hashana are we "judged" to receive new strength to fulfill Mitzvos, but also every Rosh Chodesh, every Shabbos, and even every day! If so, what is the unique significance of Rosh Hashanah, that we say, "This day is the beginning of Your works?"

ָוְהָעִנְיָן: שֶׁהוּא יִתְבָּרֵךְ לְמַעְלָה מֵהַזְּמָן.

The idea is that Hashem is beyond the limitations of time.

לָכֵן כָּל בְּחִינַת זְמַן שֶׁל שֵׁשֶׁת יְמֵי בְּרֵאשִׁית – בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת נִבְרָא⁰, "צוֹפֶה וּמַבִּיט עַד סוֹף כָּל הַדּוֹרוֹת" בְּסְקִירָה וְהָאָרָה אחת. Therefore, all of the time of the "Six Days of Creation," a reference to the six thousand years of creation,²² were created in one 'thought' of Hashem, as we say in the Rosh Hashana prayers, "Who gazes and peers until the end of all generations," in one look and glimpse.

^{. (&}quot;רָאשֵׁי חֲדָשִׁים לְעַמֶּךְ נָתַתָּ . . בָּאָמוּר: 'וּבְרָאשֵׁי חְדְשֵׁיכֶם'". תְּפָלַת מוּסָף לְרֹאשׁ חֹדֶשׁ). 19

²⁰ (זהר חלק ב שׁמוֹת כ, א.)

יח, א.) מוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה. וּרְאֵה רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה יח, א.) 21

²² It says in Tehillim (chapter 90), "A thousand days in Your eyes are like a day that has passed," thus comparing one of Hashem's "days" to one thousand of our years. Thus, the reference here to the time of the "Six Days of Creation" is actually a reference to the time of the six thousand years of creation, when things function in the natural order. In the seventh millennium and onwards, the world will function in a supernatural manner, as explained elsewhere.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (וְבַרָיָה ט, יד): "וְיָצָא כַ**בְּרָק** חִצוֹ", שֶׁהוּא בְּדֶרֶךְ סְקִירָה וְהֶאָרָה אַחַת בָּל שִׁבְעַת יְמֵי בְּרֵאשִׁית וִימוֹת־הַמְּשִׁיחַ וּתחיִית־המתים. As it says, (Zecharya 9:14) "His 'arrow' goes forth like a flash of lightning," referring to the flash of His one 'thought' that can see and perceive all of the "Seven Days of Creation" the seven thousand years of creation at one time. This includes also the Days of Moshiach and the era of the Resurrection of the Dead.

Previously, the Alter Rebbe mentioned that Hashem's one 'thought' encompasses the first six thousand years of creation. In these six thousand years, the world operates according to the natural order.

Here, the Alter Rebbe adds the "Seven Days of Creation," referring to the seven thousand years of creation,²³ including the seventh millennium, when the world will operate supernaturally. This time period includes the time of Moshiach (the end of the sixth millennia) and of the Resurrection of the Dead (in the beginning of the seventh millennia).

וְבֵן "חֲמִשִּׁים אֲלָפִּים יוֹבְלוֹת" ְּגַּ, שֶׁהֵם גִּילוּיִם וַעֲלִיּוֹת בְּעִילוּי אַחַר עִילוּי – כּוּלָם נִבְרְאוּ בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת, שֶׁהוּא חַיּוּת כִּלַלוּת בּ. So too, there are "50,000 Yovel (Jubilee) cycles,"²⁶ i.e. 2.5 million levels of awareness of Hashem, which are levels of Divine Revelation and spiritual ascent, elevation after elevation, all of these millions of levels were created in one "thought" of

²⁴ (תְּהַשֶּׁה שֶּׁהָּ יִּבְּלוּה: רְאֵה שַׁ"ךְּ עַל הַתּוֹרֶה עַל הַפָּסוּק (בְּהַר כה, ג): "שֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים תִּזְרְע שֶׂרֶךְ – שִׁית אַלְפֵּי שְׁנִין, שֵׁשׁ שָׁנִים תִּזְמֹר בַּרְמֶךְ – רֶמֶז עַל שִׁיתָּא אַלְפֵי שְׁמִישִין, וְאָסַפְּתָּ אֶת תְּבוּאָתָה – תְבוּאַת ה', שֶׁאַחַר שִׁיתָּא אַלְפֵי שְׁמִיטוֹת יִהְיוֹ בְּנֵי הָעוֹלָם הַבָּא, שֶׁתִּפְעוֹל הַבִּינָה שֶׁהֵם חֲמִשִּׁים אֶלֶף יוֹבְלוֹת שֶׁכּוּלָם מְנוּחָה".

נִוְכָּר גַם לְעֵיל נָשֹא כ, ד. וָאֶתְחַנַּן ז, ג. וּרְאֵה גַם סֵפֶּר הַמַּאֲמָרִים תקס"ב עַמּוּד רכז, וְעָם הַגָּהוֹת בְּאוֹר הַתּוֹרָה קֹרַח עַמוּד תרסח. מַאֲמָרֵי אַדְמוּ"ר הָאֶמְצָעִי נַ"ךְ עַמוּד רד. יָהֵל אוֹר עַמוּד תקנה).

. [עַיֵין מָה שֶׁנָתָבָּאֵר מְזֶה בַּבֵּיאוּר עַל פַּסוּק ״יוֹנַתִי בְּחַגְוֵי הַסֵּלַע״ (לְקַמֵּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים)] בּ עַיֵין מָה שֶׁנָתָבָּאֵר מְזֶה בַּבִּיאוּר עַל פַּסוּק $^{"}$ יוֹנַתִי בְּחַגְוֵי הַסֶּלַע״ (לְקַמֵּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים)]

²³ See previous English footnote.

²⁶ A Yovel (Jubilee) is a cycle of 50 years. In our context, it refers to 50 spiritual levels. 50,000 Yovel cycles equals 2,500,000 years (50x50,000=2,500,000). Thus, 50,000 Yovel cycles, in the context of the maamar, refers to 2.5 million spiritual levels of awareness of Hashem.

Hashem, which is the general Life-Force of all the worlds and levels, and all of time.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוֹב (תְּהִלִּים קמה, טז): "פּוֹתֵחַ אֶת יַדְרָ וִמשׁבִּיע לכל חִי רְצוֹן": As it is written, (Tehillim 145:16) "You (Hashem) open your hand, and satisfy 'לְבֶל חַי -to every living thing' with its 'רָבּל חַי -desire.'"

שֶׁיֵּשׁ כַּמָּה בְּחִינַת "חַי", כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב^{יי}: "חַי חַי – הוא יודוּךְ", Meaning that there are many levels and types of living beings, each one receiving unique life from Hashem, as it is written, (Yeshaya 38:19) "Each and every living being will thank you."

לָבֵן נָאֱמֵר "לְכָל חַי", שֶׁכָּל עוֹלָם מְקַבֵּל חַיּוּתוֹ בִּפְרָטִיּוּת,

This is why the verse says, "You satisfy the desire of every living being," since every world receives its own specific Life-Force from Hashem.

אֲבָל הַכֹּל הוּא בְּחִינַת **רָצוֹן** אֶחָד פָּשׁוּט, וּבְהִשְׁתַּלְשֵׁל לְדִיבּוּר עֶלְיוֹן נַעֲשֶׂה "עֲשֶׂרָה מאמרוֹת".

However, all of the specific types of Life-Force derive from one singular, simple 'רַצוֹּן'-Desire of Hashem to create the world,' and when this desire comes down through a series of levels, until it reaches the level of the "Speech of Hashem Above," then it divides into "Ten Statements" of Creation that are recorded in the beginning of Parshas Bereishis, and into the specific life-force of each created being.

The Alter Rebbe is thus explaining the verse from Tehillim, "בְּוֹתֶח אֶת יָבֶךְ -You open Your hand, וֹמֵשְׁבִּיעַ לְּבֶל חֵי -and you satisfy everything with a specific life-force, tailored to its own characteristics, רְצוֹן -all of these types of Life come from the one and the same general 'Desire' of Hashem to create and give life to

יוֹדֶרֶ"). (יִשַׁעִיָה לח, יט. וְשָׁם: "יוֹדֶרֶ").

the worlds and to their inhabitants. However, from the one general 'Desire' of Hashem to give life, all the specific variations of life among the creations are derived.

עַל דֶּרֶךְ מְשָׁל, "מִבְּשָׂרִי אֶחֱזֶה אֱלוֹהַ"⁸², שֶׁהַדִּיבּוּר נָחְלָק לְפִרְטֵי פְּרָטִם, וּבְמַחֲשָׁבָה הוּא כּוֹלֵל כָּל הַדְּבּוּרִים בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה אַחַת; By way of analogy, it says, (Iyov 19:26) "From my flesh I can 'see' an analogy for Hashem." Meaning that just like in a person's speech, the information becomes divided up into many specific details, but when it is still in his thought, all the information included in many words of speech is included in one thought.

מִבֶּל שֶׁבֵּן לְמַעְלָה - בָּל הַפְּרָטִים נִכְלָלִים בְּחֵיוּת בְּלָלִי אֶחָד. :

How much more so Above, regarding Hashem's 'Speech' and 'Thought,' that all of the specific types of life that is invested in each creature through Hashem's 'Speech,' are all included as one general Life-Force in Hashem's 'Thought."

ּלְתִּגֵּה כָּל הַחַיּוּת שֶׁל כָּל הַשָּׁנָה הוּא נִמְשַׁךְ בִּרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנַה: Now, all of the Life of the year is drawn down on Rosh Hashana.

בִּי אָדָם נִבְרָא בְּרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה, וְהָעוֹלְם נִבְרָא בְּכ"ה בֶּאֱלוּלֹּכּ, וּבְיוֹם וָי"ו נִבְרָא אָדָם "בְּצַלְמֵנוּ כִּדְמוּתֵנוּ" (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, כו), שֶהוּא כּוֹלֵל כָּל הַנִּבְרָאִים כּוּלָם כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב (בְּרִאשִׁית ב, ז) "וַיִּפַּח בְּאַפָּיו נִשְׁמַת חַיִּים", שֶׁהָיְתָה נִשְׁמָתוֹ כּוֹלֶלֶת כָּל הַנְּשָׁמוֹתיּנּ. Since Adam (the first person) was created on Rosh Hashanah, whereas the world in general was created on the 25th of Elul, and on the sixth day of Creation Adam was created "in Hashem's 'image' and 'likeness.'" Meaning that his soul included the inner dimension and purpose of all of the creations,

^{.(}איוב יט, כו) ²⁸

^{.(}וַיִּקְרָא רַבָּה רֵישׁ פָּרָשָׁה כט. פִּסִיקְתָא בַּחוֹדֵשׁ הַשְּׁבִיעִי. פִּרְקִי דְּרַבִּי אֶלְעָזָר רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ח).

^{30 (}שַׁעַר הַפְּסוּקִים פָּרָשַׁת תֵּצֵא. שַׁעַר הַגִּלְגוּלִים הַקְּדָּמָה וּ, זּ, יב. שַׁעַר הַפְּסוּקִים פָּרָשַׁת בְּרֵאשִׁית דְּרוּשׁ ג. וּמְצַיְינִים שָׁם לְתַנְחוּמָא וּשְׁמוֹת רַבָּה פַּרָשָׁה מ, ג).

as it is written, "And He (Hashem) blew into his (Adam's) nostrils a soul of Life," meaning that his soul contained all of the life of all the souls.

The idea of Adam being created "in Hashem's image and likeness," means that just like Hashem contains all of the life of every creature in Himself all at once, so too, on a micro-level, Adam's soul included all of the spiritual life of all the creations.

לָכֵן בְּכָל רֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה נַעֲשֶׂה צֵירוּף חָדָשׁ – שֶׁהוּא הֶאָרָה מֵהַמָּקוֹר, שֶׁהוּא הַסוֹבֵב – חיוּת כּללי על כַּל הַשִּׁנָה.

Therefore, on every Rosh Hashanah there is new a letters³¹ combination of of Hashem's statement, "Let us make Adam in our image and likeness," and this 'new' statement is a revelation from the Source of Life, which encompasses all worlds, and is a general life-force for the entire vear.

וְכָל שָׁנָה וְשָׁנָה הוּא צֵירוּף לְחַיוּת חָדָשׁ.

And every year there is a new combination of letters in order to bring down a new life-force for the year.

וְאַחַר כָּךְ נִתְחַלֵּק לִפְּרָטִים שֶׁהֵם י"ב חַדְשִׁים, וְכָל חֹדֵשׁ מִקְבֵּל חַיוּת מֵהָאַרַת

Afterward, the general life-force that was drawn down on Rosh

³¹ In Shaar HaYichud V'Haemuna of Tanya, the Alter Rebbe explains that the life of everything comes to it from Hashem by means of the letters of its Hebrew name. These letters are derived from the Ten Statements that Hashem uses to create the world. Even though the names of every creature are not spelled out directly in the Torah, the letters of the name of every creature are derived from the letters of the Ten Statements of Creation by means of various system, such as arranging the letters in different combinations, taking the numerical value of the letters, and other methods.

The Divine Utterance, "בְּצִלְמֵנוּ כָּדְמוֹנְנֵי בְּיִלְמֵנוּ בְּיָמוֹנְנֵי בְּיִמוֹתְנוּ -And Hashem said: Let us make Adam in our image and likeness," is the source of the life of Adam and of all mankind, and, by extension, all of creation. This is due to the fact that man is the inner life and purpose of everything else. Every year, on Rosh Hashanah, there is a new expression of this Divine Utterance, made up of a new combination of the letters, in order to produce a new life-force for mankind, and by extension, a new life for all of creation.

הַבְּלָל, וְהַיוֹם הוּא הַבְּּרָט מִבְּלָל הַחֹֹדֶשׁ וּמִקָבֵל מִמֵּנוּ חַיּוּתוֹ.

Hashanah becomes divided into allocations of energy, specific which are spread out over the twelve months, and each month receives its life from the general revelation of life (on Rosh Hashanah), and each day of the month receives its specific amount of Life from the general life-force revealed on Rosh Chodesh.

וְלָבֵן אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל²: "אֵיזֶה חַג שֶׁהַחוֹדֶשׁ מִתְכַּסֶה בּוֹ? הוּא רֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה" – שֶׁהוּא הַמָּקוֹר הַכּוֹלֵל. Therefore, our Sages said, (Rosh Hashanah 8a) "Which holiday do we celebrate when the new moon is hidden? Rosh Hashanah." This is because it is the general source of life for the year.

לָבֵן הֶאָרַת הַחוֹדֶשׁ מִתְבַּטֵל בּוֹ כְּבִיטוּל זִיו־ הַשֵּׁמֵשׁ בַּשֵּׁמֵשׁיּיּ.

Therefore, the specific life-force associated with a particular month (the month of Tishrei) is nullified to the general life-force of the entire year, like a ray of light is nullified in front the entire light of the sun.

The day of Rosh Hashanah is also Rosh Chodesh Tishrei. However, we don't mention Rosh Chodesh in most of the prayers of Rosh Hashanah (except for one mention in Musaf). This is because Rosh Chodesh is only a specific allocation from the general Life-Force of Rosh Hashanah, and is therefore relatively insignificant in comparison to it. This is similar to how a small light is nullified and not noticeable in the presence of a much greater light.

ּ כְּמַאֲמָר "בָּרוּךְ **שֶׁאָמֵר וְהָיָה** הָעוֹלָם" – הוּא חַיוּת־כְּלָלִי לְכָל הָעוֹלָם. This is similar to what we say in our daily prayers, (Baruch Sheamar) "Blessed be Hashem who spoke once and the world came into being," referring to the One

³² (רֹאשׁ הַשָּׁנָה ח, א).

יּוְלֶכֵן אָמְרוּ (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צ, ד), גַּבֵּי "וְלָכֵן אָמְרוּ [עְיֵיִן מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "יָבִיאוּ לְבוּשׁ מַלְכוּת" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צ, ד), גַּבֵּי "וְלָכֵן אָמְרוּ רַזַ"ל: **הַנִּבִיאִים וְהַכְּתוּבִים עַתִידִים לְהִבְּטֵל** כוּ". עַיֵּין שֶׁם] .

Statement that contains the **general** life-force for the entire world.

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאָמְרוּ רַזַ"לֹּיּ "וַהְלֹא בַּמַּ<mark>אֲמָר אָחָד</mark> הָיָה יָכוֹל לְהִבָּרְאוֹת" – שֶׁהוּא הַחַיּוּת בּללוֹיּנּ. This is the meaning of what our Sages said, (Avos 5:1) "The world could have been created with One Statement," meaning, that on a certain level, the world actually was created with "One Statement," which is the general life-force of all of creation.

"בָּרוּךְ **אוֹמֵר וְעוֹשֶׂה**" - הוּא הַ**פְּרָט** שֶׁהוּא צֵירוּף חַדַשׁ לְכַל יוֹם⁵. The Baruch Sheamar prayer continues, "Blessed be Hashem who says and makes things." This refers to Hashem's specific "Statements" that bring down a specific life-force, which is a new letter combination for every day.

ְּבֶן חַיוּת שֶׁל שָׁנָה זוֹ אֵינוֹ הַחַיוּת שֶׁל שָׁנָה שֶעָבְרָה. וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאוֹמְרִים בְּרֹאשׁ־הַשְּׁנָה "זֶה הַיּוֹם **תְּחִלַּת** מַעֲשֶׁירְ", שֶׁנַּעֲשֶׂה הָאָרָה מֵחַרֵשׁ מֵהַכִּלֵל.

Similarly, the life-force of one year is not the same the same life-force as the previous year. This is what we say in the prayers of Rosh Hashanah, "This day is the beginning of your works," since on this day there is a new revelation of energy for that year, from the general life-force that includes the life-force of all of the years, for all of time.

ּוְכֵן אֵצֶל הַתּוֹרָה נָאֱמַר "אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךָ

So too, regarding the Torah, it says, "These words (of the Torah)

⁽אָבוֹת רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ה). (אָבוֹת רֵישׁ

³⁵ [וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁכֶּתַב הַרַמַ"ז, בְּפֶּרָשַת תוֹלְדוֹת, בְּדַף קל"ה, עַמוּד א', בְּפֵירוּשׁ **״בַּמַאָמֶר אָחָד״.** עַיֵּין שָׁם].

^{36 [}עַיֵין בַּזֹהַר: בְּשַׁלַח, דַף ס"ג, עַמוּד ב'. וּבְפָרָשַׁת יִתְרוֹ, דַף פ"ח, עַמוּד א'. וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר (בְּבָּאַר הַמָּתְחִיל "לְבָאֵר עִנְיַן יוֹם הַכִּפּוּרִים" (לְקַמֶּן סח, ג), גַּבֵּי: "כַּאֲשֶׁר יִתְבּוֹנֵן הַמַּשְׂכִּיל כִּי בָּאֱמֶת **הְדָשִׁים לַבְּקָרִים** כוּ". יְעוּיַן שֶׁם].

הַיּוֹם", כִּי בָּאֲמֶת צָרִיךְ לֵירֵד דֶּרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת לְהִתְלַבֵּשׁ בִּוְמָן״. that I (Hashem) command you today," since every day the Torah needs to descend through all the spiritual levels until it comes down to be expressed in actual time.

Just like on Rosh Hashanah a new Life from Hashem from a level that is beyond time, and includes all of time at once, is drawn down into a specific time of one year, so too, the Torah comes from a level beyond the limitations of time, and descends into the limitations of time.

וּבְכָל יוֹם יוֹרֵד הֶאָרָה חֲדָשָׁה מֵהַתּוֹרָה לְהִתְלַבֵּשׁ. Every day, there is a new revelation of the Torah that comes down into the limitations of time.

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁאָנוּ מְבָרְכִין בְּכָל יוֹם "נוֹתֵן הַתּוֹרָה" מֵחָדָשׁ®ּ. This is why we say every day the blessing of "Blessed are You, Hashem, who gives the Torah," in the present tense, meaning, Who gives us today a new revelation of the Torah, from its level of existing beyond time to how it exists within the parameters of time.

וְבֵן בְּנֶסֶת־יִשְׂרָאֵל – "חֲדָשִׁים לַבְּקָרִים רַבָּה אֱמוּנָתָרְ" (אֵיכָה ג, כג):

So too, the Jewish People's souls are renewed each day, like it says, (Eicha 3:23) **"They are new every**

ז [וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּפָרָשַׁת עֵקֶב, בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וּלְהָבִין שׁרֶשׁ כוּ"', גַּבֵּי פֵירוּשׁ "עַל תּוֹרָתְרְ שָׁלְּמַדְתָּנוּ" (לְעֵיל יז, ב: "תּוֹרָתְרְ הִיא בְּחִינַת תּוֹרָה דַּאֲצִילוּת, וְשֶׁלְמַדְתָּנוּ הִיא בְּחִינַת הַתּוֹרָה דְבִי"עַ")].

^{□ [}וְעוֹד יוּבַן זֶה, עַל פִּי מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר לְעֵיל סוֹף דִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת", גַּבֵּי "כָּל הַקּוֹרֵא וְשׁוֹנֶה בְּנֶגְדּוֹ" (לְעִיל מו, א: וְהַיִינוּ הַמְשָׁבַת אוֹר אֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא לְּהְיוֹת נְמְשַׁךְ וּמִתְנַּלֶּה בְּבְחִינַת "קוֹרֵא וְשׁוֹנֶה": "קוֹרֵא" הוּא בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־עִילָּאָה – תוֹרָה־שֶׁבְּכְתָב, "וְשׁוֹנֶה" – תוֹרָה עִּלְּאָה בְּרוּרְ־הוּא בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־תַּתָּאָה; שֶׁכָּל הַמְשְׁכוֹת אֵלוּ מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא תְּלוּיוֹת בְּעַסֶּק הַתוֹרָה שֶׁל שֶׁבְעַל־פֶּה, הִיא בְּחִינַת חָבְמָה־תַּתָּאָה; שֶׁבְל הַמְשְׁכוֹת אֵלוּ מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא תְּלוּיוֹת בְּעַסֶּק הַתוֹרָה שְׁל יִשְׁרְאֵל לְמַשָּׁה, כִּי לוֹלֵי וֹאת הֲרֵי הַקְּדוֹשׁ בָּרוּךְ־הוּא מִצַּד עַצְמוֹ רֶם וְנִשָּׂא אֲפִילוּ מִבְּחִינַת חָכְמָה־עִילָּאָה.).

ן עַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנּתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אֲנִי יְשׁנָה וְלִבִּי עֵר". גַּבֵּי: "וְהִנֵּה בְּאָ**תְעֲרוּתָא־דִּלְתַתָּא זוֹ –** אָ**תְעֲרוּתָא־דִּלְעֵילָא** כוּ', וּכְמוֹ שֶׁבָּ**תוּב** (תְּהִלִּים עח, ה): "וַיָּקֶם עֵדוּת בְּיַעֲקֹב כוּ". עַיֵּין שָׁם (לְקַמְּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים כה, שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים לג סוֹף עַמּוּד ד), וּבְדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צְאֶינָה וּרְאֶינָה" (פֶּרֶק ג – לְקַמְּן שִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים כה, ג). וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנְתְבָּאֵר בְּפָרָשַׁת בְּשַׁלַח בְּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וַיֹּאמֶר משֶׁה אִכְלוּהוּ הַיּוֹם" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר סה, ב וַאִילַרְ).

morning, so that they can make great their faith in You (Hashem)."

שֶׁבְּכָל יוֹם צָרִיךְ לִקְנוֹת בְּנַפְשׁוֹ אֲמוּנָה חֲדָשָׁה מֵהַמָּקוֹר. Meaning that every day a person needs to re-awaken his faith in Hashem on new level. He then draws new faith from the source of faith in Hashem.

בִּי "נָמִים יֻצְרוּ" (תְהִלִּים קלט, טז):

For, as it says in Tehillim, (139:16) "Days were formed by Hashem for each person,"

כָּל יְמֵי הָאָדָם שֶׁהֵם שִׁבְעִים שָׁנָה™ּ, הֵם "יָצָרוּ" וּקְצוּבִים לְאָדָם™ּ, that all the days of a person's life that are at least around seventy years, were formed and designated by Hashem, exactly how many years each person will live.

"וְלֹא אֶחָד בָּהֶם"(שָׁם), שֶׁהַקְּרִי הוּא בְּנִי"ו,

And the verse concludes, (ibid) "Days were formed by Hashem for each person 'וְלֹא'-when there was not' anyone created yet." This is according to the way 'וְלֹא' is written, with a letter א. However, according to how it is read, as 'וְלֹא' with a letter וּ, the meaning is 'יְלֹוּ' and to him.' So, we can read the verse, "יְבִּינִים יִצְּרוּ" -Day were formed for each person, יֹבְינִים יִצְרוּ" -is to reveal the Oneness of Hashem in each of those days."

שֶׁהַיָּמִים הַנִּקְצָבִים הוּא בִּשְׁבִיל שֶׁיִתְגַּלֶּה וְיִתְרַבֶּה הָאָרָה בָּאֵמוּנָה, בְּתוֹסֶפֶּת חָדָשׁ This means that the days that Hashem designated as the life

^{9 (}תָּהָלִים צ, י: "יָמֵי שְׁנוֹתֵינוּ בַהֶם שְׁבְעִים שַׁנַה").

יָּ (אִיוֹב יט, כו: "הַלֹּא צָבָא לֶאֲנוֹשׁ עֲלֵי אָרֶץ, וְכִימֵי שָׂכִיר יָמָיו. וּבִמְצוּדַת דָּוִד: "קֵץ וּזְמַן יֵשׁ לְאָדָם עַל הָאָרֶץ (אִיוֹב יט, כו: "הַלֹּא צָבָא לֶאֲנוֹשׁ עֲלֵי אָרֶץ, וְכִימֵי שָׂכִיר יָמָיו. וּבִמְצוּדַת דָּוִד: "קֵץ וּזְמַן יֵשׁ לְאָדָם עַל הָאָרֶץ (אִיּוֹב יִּטִי שָׂכִיר").

בָּכַל יוֹם.

span for each person is in order that he reveal and improve the faith in Hashem's Oneness that is shining into him, on a new and increased level each day.

וְזֵהוּ "רַבָּה אֱמוּנָתֵרֶ" - מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֶב,

This is the meaning of "רְבָּה"-great אַמוּנָתֶּר is the faith in You." The meaning of 'רְבָּה' is a reference to the truly great and unlimited level of how Hashem is 'Soveiv-encompasses all worlds.' This unlimited level is the source of a person's faith in Hashem's Oneness.

עַל יְדֵי שֶׁרוֹאֶה בְּכָל יוֹם - עֶרֶב וָבֹקֶר, הְמִידִין כְּסִדְרָן, מִזֶּה יַכִּיר לְמַעְלָה מֵהַזְּמְן. How does he re-awaken his faith in day? Hashem every Through seeing each day that in the night Hashem makes the sun set, and every morning He makes the sun rise and makes people and animals wake up from sleep; and this power of Hashem is continually making this happen according to the order He arranged. From this, he will recognize that Hashem Himself, the Creator of time, must be higher than time.

In other words, the verse that tells us to renew and increase our faith in Hashem's Oneness also gives advice on how to do that:

By seeing that Hashem gives us our soul new and refreshed each day, and by seeing how Hashem renews the entire world every day, we are reminded that Hashem is constantly creating and renewing all of creation. The only way that Hashem can create the world and all of the changes of time from day to day is if He Himself exists beyond the limitations of time and space, from a point beyond any changes. From there, He can create anything that is finite and subject to change. The Rambam and Chovos HaLevavos explain the reasoning of this:

1- Something cannot create itself.

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- 2- If it were created by something made of parts, then that thing needs something else to put it together. If it were created by something finite, then it had a beginning and also had to be created at some point.
- 3- There cannot be an infinite number of finite causes. Ultimately, there must be a beginning point before which there was no finite or limited, changing, existence.
- 4- This Original Being that existed before all finite, changing things existed is eternal and unchanging. He is not made of parts and cannot be grasped or defined. He alone created everything finite, limited, and changing from total non-existence.

We see from this chain of thought that by recognizing that Hashem is creating and renewing the world, we can think deeply into this and realize that the world must be created by Hashem, Who is totally beyond all change and all limitations of time and space.

Thus, by seeing our renewed existence every morning, we are able to strengthen our faith in Hashem, Who is beyond all limitations, and encompasses all worlds equally.

Chapter 2

ּוְהַבֵּהֹ הָאָרָה שֶׁבְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם הִיא בִּשְׁנֵי בָּחִינוֹת - מִמֵּלֵא וְסוֹבֵב: Now, this revelation of Hashem in a person's soul exists on two levels: A 'Memalei-permeating' level, and a 'Soveiv-encompassing' level.

"מְמַלֵּא" נִקְרָא שֶׁמִּתְלַבֵּשׁ וְנִתְפַּס בְּמוֹחוֹ הַשַּׂגַת אֱלֹהוֹת.

'Memalei-permeating' is the name for the Light that becomes invested and grasped in a person's mind in such a way that he can understand Hashem's revelation.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (נִצְּבִים ל, יט־כ): "וּבְחַרְתָּ בַּחַיִּים [..] לְאַהֲבָה אֶת ה' וְגוֹ׳ כִּי הוּא חַנֶּיךְ", As it is written, (Devarim 30:19-20) "And you shall choose life... to love Hashem... because He is your life."

What does it mean that one should first choose Hashem, and then one will love Him?

כִּי הַבְּחִירָה - בְּשֵׂכֶל לְבַד לִבְחוֹר בְּטוֹב וְלִמְאוֹס בְּרָע, Since 'choosing' something is what a person does in their mind, when he decides to choose what he understands to be good, and to despise what he understands to be bad,

וְאַהֲבָה הוּא בַּלֵב, וְהַבְּחִירָה קוֹדֶם לְאַהֲבָה;

Whereas, love is a feeling in the heart, and a person first needs to decide that something is good based on his understanding, before he can come to love or (or the opposite).

שֶׁצָרִיךְ לְהַרְגִּיל אֶת עַצְמוֹ בְּשִׂכְלוֹ שֶׁיִהְיֶה מוּסְכָּם אֶצְלוֹ לִבְחוֹר בַּחַיִּיםיּ, In our context this means that a person needs to train his mind to think about the fact that Hashem is truly good and that He is the source of his life, so that he will agree

^{.[}וְעַיֵּין מָה שַׁנָתַבַּאֵר מִזֶה בַּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "שָׁמַע יְשַׂרָאֵל" – בְּפַרְשַׁת וְאַתְחַנָּן (לְעֵיל יא, ב)].

בְּמַאֲמָר (₪, טו. יט): "רְאֵה נָתַתִּי לְפָנֶיךְ הַיּוֹם וְגוֹ׳ וּבְחַרְתָּ בַּחַיִּים", שֶׁהוּא הַחֵיוּת שֶׁל שָׁמֵיִם וַאָרֵץ שֵׁאָנוּ רוֹאִים,

וְלֹא לִבְחוֹר בְּגַשְׁמִיּוֹת, שֶׁהֵן כָּל תַעֲנוֹגֵי עוֹלם־הזה הַכּלה ונפסד שנקרא "מות".

וְאַחַר שֶׁיַּסְכִּים בְּשִׂכְלוֹ הַבְּחִירָה בַּטוֹב שֶׁהוּא הַחַיִּים, יִתְבּוֹגֵן לָבוֹא לִבְחִינֵת אַהְבָה²٠, "כִּי הוּא חַיֶּיךְ", שֶׁהוּא הַחַיִּים הָאֲמִיתִּים, כְּמוֹ שֶׁכָּתוּב (תְּהִלִּים לו, י): "כִּי עִמְךְ מִקוֹר חַיִּים".

ְוֶדֶהוּ בְּחִינַת מְמֵלֵא שֶׁבְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם, שֶׁהָאַהֲבָה נִתְלַבֵּשׁ וְנִתְפֵּס בְּשִׂכְלוֹ, וְהוּא בְּחִינַת "בְּכָל לְבָבְךָ וּבְכָל נַפְשְׁךָ" (וַאֶּתְחַנַן וּ, ה). (intellectually) **to 'choose'** to associate Hashem as being his **Life**, and therefore, come to love Him.

As it says, "See that I (Hashem) place before you today, life and good, death and bad, and you should choose life," referring to the Divine life-force of the heaven and the earth that we see,

and not to choose to associate with their physical aspect, which is all of the pleasures of This World, which are all temporary, and therefore end up rotting and decomposing and are thus called "dead," since they are temporary and will eventually stop existing. This is in contrast to the Life from Hashem, which lasts forever.

After a person uses his mind to decide to recognize that Hashem is "good," since He is the true Life of everything, then he is able to come to love Hashem "for He is your Life," meaning that He is the True Life of all, as it is written, (Tehillim 36:10) "For with You (Hashem) is the Source of Life."

This is the 'Memalei-permeating' aspect of the person's soul, when the love of Hashem is expressed and grasped in his mind, and this brings to the level of loving Hashem "with all of your heart and all of your soul."

יא, ב). וּכְמוֹ שֵנַתְבַּאֵר מַזָּה בַּדְבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "שָׁמַע יִשְׂרָאֵל" (לְעֵיל יא, ב).

וּבְחִינַת **"סוֹבֵב**" הוּא בְּחִינַת "וּבְכָל מְאֹדֶךְ**"** (שָׁם), לִמַעְלָה מֵהַכִּלִי שֵׁהוּא הַשֵּׁבַל²ּ. Whereas, the 'Soveivencompassing' level of the soul is called "loving Hashem with of all of your might," beyond the limitations of a person's intellect.

[וְעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה גַם בִּתְשׁוּבָה יֵשׁ ב' בְּחִינוֹת: תְשׁוּבָה־תַּתָּאָה וּתְשׁוּבָה־עִילָאָהוּ4].

[Note of the Tzemach Tzedek: Similarly, there are two level of Teshuva: 'Teshuva Tata'a-Lower Level Teshuva,' that is based on understanding the importance of doing Teshuva and correcting one's ways, and 'Teshuva Ila'a-Higher Level Teshuva,' that comes from the depths of the soul, beyond the limitations of intellect. End of Note.]

אַךְ לְהַסְבִּיר הָעִנָיָן – אֵיךְ אֶפְשָׁר לִהְיוֹת עֲבוֹדָה בִּבְחִינַת סוֹבֵב לְמַעְלָה מֵהַשַּׂכָל? Now, we need to explain the above-mentioned concept: How is it possible for a person to serve Hashem with the 'Soveivencompassing' level of the soul that is beyond the limitations of intellect?

אַךְ הָענְיָן הוּא עַל יְדִי הְשׁוּבָה בִּמְסִירַת־ נֵפֶשׁ שֶׁהוּא לִמַעלָה מֵהַדֵּעַת.

This is only possible through Teshuva in a way of 'Mesirus Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem' beyond all calculations.

וּכְמוֹ שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר בְּמָקוֹם אַחֵר, שֶׁלָּכֵן לֹא נֶאֱמֵר בַּתּוֹרָה טַעַם עַל מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ כְּמוֹ שָׁנָּאֶמֵר טַעַם עַל אַהֲבָה, כְּדִכְתִיב (פָּרָשָׁתֵנוּל, כ): "לְאַהֲבָה אֶת ה' אֱלֹקֶירְ ַוֹבִּי הוּא חַיֶּיךְ". This will be understood better based on what is explained elsewhere: The Torah does not give an explanation of the reason why a Jew needs to have 'Mesirus Nefesh-self sacrifice' and give up his life rather than commit one of the

^{. (}לְעֵיל שְׁלַח לח, ד) אַנּתְבָּאֵר בְּדבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְעַתָּה יִגְדַל נָא" (לְעֵיל שְׁלַח לח, ד). 43

^{44 (}ראָה זֹהַר חֵלֶק ג קכג, א).

cardinal sins (idolatry, adultery, or murder), whereas it does give a reason why a Jew should love Hashem, as it is written, (Devarim 30:20) "You should love Hashem your G-d... because He is you life."

וְהַיְינוּ לְפִי שֶׁהָאַהֲבָה נִמְשְׁכָה מִבְּחִינַת שֵׁכֵל וִטַעַם דְּדֵרֵךְ הִשְׁתַּלִשְׁלוּת. This is because the regular love of Hashem derives from logic and understanding of how Hashem is our Life, and similar concepts, which works in a way that one level brings to another level, i.e. intellect brings to emotion.

מַה שָׁאֵין בֵּן עַל מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ לֹא נֶאֲמֵר טַעַם, לְפִי שָׁהוּא לְמַעְלָה מֵהַשַּׁכֶל⁴. וְהִיא בְּחִינַת אֱמוּנָה שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מֵהַדַּעַת, שֶׁנִּמְשַׁךְ מבּחִינַת סוֹבב⁴.

This is not so regarding the 'Mesirus Nefesh- self-sacrifice' that the Torah does not give an explanation for, since it is derived from a level of the soul that is beyond intellect, which is the simple faith in Hashem that is beyond all calculations, whereby one connects to Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompasses' all worlds.

לַכֶן "בְּמַקוֹם שֶׁבַּעֵלֵי־תִשׁוּבָה עוֹמְדִים

This is why our Sages say, (Brachos 34b) "In the place where a 'Baal Teshuva-one who does

⁵ [וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר: בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "כִּי טוֹבִים דּוֹדֶיךְ" – בְּפָרָשַׁת שְׁמוֹת (תּוֹרָה אוֹר נג, א). וּבדבּוּר המתחיל "חייב אינשׁ לבסוּמי בּפוּריא" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צט, ב)].

[&]quot; [וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנְתְבָּאֵר בַּבֵּיאוּר עַל פָּסוּק "וְאֵלֶּה הַמִּשְׁפָּטִים" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר עו, ג), גַּבֵּי "כִּי תִקְנָה עֶבֶד עִבְרִי" (מִשְׁפָּטִים כא, ב): שֶׁשֹׁרֶש הַנְּשָׁמוֹת – מִבְּחִינַת "בְּעֵבֶר הַנָּהָר" הַ"יּוֹצֵא מֵעֵדֶן" (בְּרֵאשִׁית ב, י), שֶׁהוּא מִבְּחִינַת עָגוּלִים וְ'סוֹבֵב כָּל עָלְמִין'.

[ְ]וְהַנֵּה גִּילוּי בְּחִינָה זוֹ בְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם, זֶהוּ הַגִּילוּי מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, וְהוּא שֶׁלֹא כְּסֶדֶר הַהִּשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מִשֵּׂכֶל לְמִדּוֹת כוּ', כִּי אָם מִלְמֵעְלָה מִפֶּדֶר הַהִּשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת. וּכְעָנְיֵן "אַף עַל גַּב דְאִיהוּ לֹא חָזִי מַזְּלֵיהּ חָזִי" (מְגִּילָה ג, א), שָׁהַמְשָׁכָה זוֹ מִבְּחִינַת מַזָּלֵיהּ בִּפְנִימִית – הוּא הַגִּילוּי מִלְמַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת הִשְׁתַלְשְׁלוּת עִילָה וְעָלוּל, שֵׁכֶל וּמִדּוֹת כוּ'].

ייס true Teshvua' stands, even a perfect Tzadik cannot stand."

The true depth of Teshvua brings a Jew to a level of connection with Hashem that is beyond all logic and calculations, just as Hashem is beyond the limitations of all worlds. Whereas, a Tzadik serves Hashem according to the regular order of levels. His intellect tells him that it makes sense to connect to Hashem, and this produces a love for Hashem, which is expressed in his actions. Even though usually this is the ideal mode of service of Hashem, there is a certain aspect of limitation in his service, since it all makes sense and follows a logical progression and pattern. However, a Baal Teshuva's connection to Hashem is beyond making sense and beyond any calculations.

To understand why we need to connect to Hashem beyond all levels, as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds, the Alter Rebbe will bring three verses and tie together the concepts mentioned in them:

אַךְ לְהָבִין טַעַם הַדְּבָר:

To better understand the reason for this, we will quote three verses:

הָנֵה כְּתִיב: "אֲנִי רָאשׁוֹן וַאֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן" (יְשַׁעְיָה מר, ו); 1- It is written, (Yeshaya 44:6) "[Hashem says:] אֲנָי וַאֲנִי, וֹאֲנִי -I am first, וַאֲנִי -and I am last, and there are no other Powers besides for Me."

וּכְתִיב: "בִּדְבַר ה' [שֶׁמֵיִם נַצֲשׁוּ] וְגוֹ **". פֵּירוּשׁ: שֲהַבְּרִיאַה הִיא עַל יְדֵי דְבּוּר; 2- And it is written, (Tehillim 33:6) "With the words of Hashem the heavens were יַנְשֵשׁ-made," meaning, that creation from Hashem happens through His 'speech.'

וּכְתִיב (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, א): "בְּרֵאשִׁית **בָּרָא** אֱלֹהִים", שֶׁהַבְּרִיאָה הִיא יֵשׁ מֵאַין.

3- And it is written, (Bereishis 1:1) "In the beginning, Hashem בָּבָּר created," and the word אם-created is a term that

^{.(}בַּרָכוֹת לד, ב). אַין יְכוֹלִים אַין יְכוֹלִים גְּמוֹר". בְּרָכוֹת לד, ב). 47

^{.(}תָּהָלִּים לג, ו: "בַּדְבֵר ה' שֻמֵים נַעשוּ").

means creation of something-from-nothing.

The previous verse only said that with Hashem's words, the heavens were 'בַּעֲשׁוּ' made,' which does not necessarily imply creation of something-from-nothing. However, 'בַּעָשׁוּ' made' implies creation of something-from-nothing.

ְוְהָעִנְיָן: שֶׁבְּרִיאַת הָעוֹלָמוֹת אֵינוֹ בְּדֶרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מֵעִילָה לְעָלוּל עַל דֶּרֶךְ מָשְׁל אֵצֶל הָאָדָם, The idea behind this: Creation of the worlds cannot simply come from a chainlike process of cause and effect, like how a person works.

שֶׁהַמִּדּוֹת מֵהַשֵּׂכֶל וְהַדִּיבּוּר מֵהַמִּדּוֹת הוּא דֶרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת, In a person, his emotions derive from his intellect, and his speech derives from his emotions in a chainlike process where one level leads to another, connected level.

שָׁעַל יְדֵי הַמִּדָּה נַעֲשֶׂה הֶבֶל הַלֵּב; וְאַחַר כָּךְ קוֹל וְדבּוּר, שֶׁהַדְּבּוּר נִמְשֵׁךְ מֵהַקּוֹל, וְהַקּוֹל וְכוּ׳ – הַכֵּל בְּדֶרֶךְ הַמְשָׁכָה וְהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת עִילַה וְעַלוּל. When a person has an emotion in his heart, this is expressed in his breathing, which then becomes expressed in his voice and his speech, (since speech is formed from the sound of his voice), and his voice is formed from the breath that came in connection with his emotion. All of these levels descend by way of cause and effect.⁴⁹

⁴⁹ The Maamar explaining the Kavanos of the Shofar according to the Baal Shem Tov, printed by the Mittler Rebbe in the Siddur with Chassidus (Siddur Im Dach) page 246c, explains that there are two types of breath; one is called הבל הפה , and one is called הבל is the breath that reaches the mouth in the form of actual letters, and is the 'breath' i.e. air that comes from the heart into the lungs. This 'breath' of the heart that comes into the lungs, becomes formed into sound by the air that strikes the vocal cords. This sound then travels through the mouth, which articulates the letters and forms various sounds. Since the original breath, which ultimately becomes formed into speech, comes from the heart, a person's emotions (in the heart) have a direct influence on his breath and speech.

אֲבָל בִּבְרִיאַת הָעוֹלָמוֹת אֵינוֹ דֶרֶךְ הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת וְהַמְשָׁכָה; שֻׁמַאֲמָר "יְהִי רָקִיעַ" (בְּרֵאשִׁית א, ו), אֵינוֹ עֵרֶךְ שֶׁל הַמַּאֲמָר שָׁיִּהְיֶה נִמְשַׁךְ מִמֶּנוֹ רָקִיעַ; However, the Creation of the worlds does not come through a chainlike process of descending, interconnected levels, since the Statement of Hashem, (Bereishis 1:6) "Let there be a sky," is not in the same category of existence as a physical sky, so that it would make sense that from Hashem's Statement a physical sky should come into being, since Hashem's Statement is Divine and beyond the category of the existence of physical reality.

שָׁאַף רִיבּוֹא רִבְבוֹת צִמְצוּמִים וְהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת מִמַּדְרֵגָה לְמַדְרֵגָה דֶרֶךְ עִילָה וְעָלוּל לֹא יוֹעִילוּ שֻׁיִשְׁתַּלְשֵׁל וְיִתְהַנֶּה חוֹמֶר גַּשְׁמִי - אֲפִילוּ כְּמוֹ חוֹמֶר הָרָקִיעַ -מֵהשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת הָרוּחָנִיוּת כּי׳.

Since even millions and billions of levels of contractions and concealments on Hashem's Light, through a chainlike process of cause and effect, will not help to create physical matter, even the physical matter of the sky, from a descent of spiritual levels.

If someone in our world would think about something, even with all their might, and for their entire life, their thoughts would never create another physical being that existed according to their thoughts. How much more so with regard to Hashem's 'thoughts,' which are in a completely different category than any physical existence.

אֶלָּא שֶׁהוּא כֹּחַ אֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־הוּא הַכּּל יָכוֹל לִבְרוֹא הָרָקִיעַ עַל יְדֵי הַמַּאֲמָר "יְהִי רַקִיעַ" יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן.

Rather, this is only from the Infinite Power of Hashem, who is All-Powerful, and can create a physical sky through His Divine Statement of "Let there be a sky," in a manner of 'שַּיִּצִּין' something בַּיְאַיִּן-from nothing.'

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁלֹּא כְּסֵדֶר הַהִּשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת כִּי אָם בִּבְחִינַת דִּלּוּג. וְכֵן כָּל הַנִּבְרָאִים כּוּ׳ מֵהַבּוֹרֵא – הוּא מֵאַיִן וְלֹא דֶרֶךְ This creative power does not come through a series of levels, but 'jumps' from one reality to a totally different reality. So too, all השתלשלות.

of the created beings derive from the Creator in a manner of something-from-nothing, not through a chainlike series of levels.

בִּי אִי אֶפְשָׁר לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בְּחִינַת נִבְרָא – גַם בְּחִינַת חָכְמָה שֶׁבָּהֶם – אֲפִילוּ מִבְּחִינַת דְּבּוּר שֶׁלְמַעְלָה, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתְגַּלוּת שֶׁלְמַעְלָה. שֶׁהַבּוֹרֵא הוּא הֵיפֵרְ הַנִּבְרַאִים. שֶׁלְמַעְלָה. שֶׁהַבּוֹרֵא הוּא הֵיפֵרְ הַנִּבְרַאִים.

Since it is logically impossible from any created being, even the highest level of the creations, which is Supernal Wisdom, to be derived from even the lowest level of Divinity, which is Hashem's 'Speech,' which is the level of how Hashem reveals Himself. This is because the category of Creator is opposite from the category of the creations.

וַאֲפִילוּ גַּם עַל הִתְהַוּוּת חָכְמָה־עִילְּאָה מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּרְ־הוּא נָאֱמַר (אִיוֹב כח, יב): "וְהַחָּכְמָה מֵאַיִן תִּמָּצֵא". שֶׁאַפִּילוּ לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בְּחִינַת "אַנְתְּ חַכִּים וְלָא בְּחָכְמָה יְדִיעָא"®, הַיִּינוּ, הִתְּלַבְּשׁוּת אוֹר אֵין־סוֹף בְּחַכְמַה אֵינוֹ בִּבְחִינַת הִשְׁתַּלְשָׁלוּת, Even regarding the existence of Chochma-Wisdom of the World of Atzilus from Hashem's Infinite Truth, it says, (Iyov 28:12) "And ימאין from-from wisdom nothing similar' is found." Meaning that even for there to be the level of, (Tikunei Zohar) "You [Hashem] are Wise, but not with knowable wisdom," which is how Hashem's Infinite Light becomes invested in Chochma-Wisdom of Atzilus, this cannot come about through an orderly, chainlike descent levels. Rather, it is a jump from one reality, of Infinitude, to a completely reality, of Chochmadifferent Wisdom.

וְכָל מַה שֶׁנּוְכַּר בַּסְפָרִים הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת עִילָה וְעָלוּל אֵינוֹ עַל הַנִּבְרָאִים מֵהַבּוֹרֵא.

Whatever is mentioned in the Holy Books of the teachings of Kabbalah regarding the chainlike

50 (תַקוֹנֵי זֹהַר בַּהַקְדַמָה, "פַּתַח אֵלְיַהוּ").

descent of levels in a manner of cause and effect is not speaking about how creations come into existence from the Creator.

ַבִּי אָם בְּהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת רוּחַ־הַבְּהֵמָה מִ"פָּנֵי־שׁוֹר" שֶׁבַּמֵרַבָּה. [Note of the Tzemach Tzedek: Rather, it is discussing, for example, how the animal soul of a physical ox derives from the spiritual level of the "Face of an Ox" of the angels of the 'Merkavah-Divine Chariot,' which is a lofty spiritual level of angels.

For that level to descend to become the animal soul of a physical ox, it goes through a chainlike descent of many levels.

מָה שֶׁאֵין כֵּן בְּהִתְהַוּוֹת הַגַּשְׁמִיּוֹת מַפָּשׁ,

This is not the case with regard to the actual creation of the physical body of an ox.

It cannot come from the angels of "The Face of an Ox" of the 'Merkavah-Divine Chariot,' even after millions of levels of a descent of levels. It must come 'מַאַין -something-from-nothing.'

וְכֵן בְּהִתְהַוּוֹת הָרוּחָנִיוֹת מֵאֵין־סוֹף בָּרוּךְ־ הוא הוא יֵשׁ מֵאַיִן מַנָּשׁ. ּיֹּ Similarly, the creation of the spiritual beings (ie. souls and the angels), from the Infinite Truth of Hashem, is in a manner of 'שֵׁיִי -something-from-nothing comparable.' End of Note.]

וְזֶהוּ "אֲנִי רָאשׁוֹן", פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁלְּהְיוֹת הַתְהַוּוּת, רֵאשִׁית הַהִּתְהַוּוּת הַיְינוּ חָכְמָה־ עִילָאָה, הוּא שֶׁלֹּא עַל יְדֵי הִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּת אֶלָא "וְהַחָכְמָה מֵאַיִּן תִּמָּצֵא", וְזֶהוּ "אֲנִי רָאשׁוֹן" – אֲנִי אוֹתִיוֹת אַיָּוֹיַ. This is the meaning of "בְּאַנִיי -I am רָאשׁוּן-the first," meaning, that in order for the beginning of the order of worlds, which is Chochmah-Wisdom, to come into existence, it is not possible

יי. וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִתְבָּאֵר כָּל זֶה בְּ"אָגֶרֶת הַקֹּדֶשׁ" (סִימָן כ) דְּבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אִיהוּ וְחַיוֹהִי."

^{.(}ראָה גַם כֵּן מָאוֹרֵי אוֹר אוֹת א סַעִיף סד) 52

through a gradual descent of levels. Rather, "הְּהָהֶכְמְהּי-and Wisdom מְאַיִן-from nothing meaning of אָבִי-I am אַבִּי-the first," since the letters of "אַבּי-I am" are the same letters as "אַיִן". nothing."

According to this, the meaning of the verse is, "אַנְיּ,-from Me, Who is אַרְּ,-nothing comparable, ראשון-the first level of finite existence, Chochmah-Wisdodm, comes into being."

ְּעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה גַּם כֵּן "אֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן", הַיְינוּ: לִהְיוֹת הִתְהַוּוֹת שָׁמֵיִם וָאָרֶץ גַּשְׁמִיִּים מִן הַמַּאֲמָר הָרוּחָנִי אֵינוֹ דֶרֶךְ הִשְּׁתַלְשְׁלוּת כִּי אם יש מֵאַין. וְהוּא מִבְּחִינַת 'סוֹבֵב כָּל עלמיז' 53. Similarly, we can explain "אַנִי-I am אַחֵרוֹן-last," to mean that in order for the physical heaven and earth (the last level of creation) to come into existence from the Divine Statements, a chainlike, gradual descent of levels will not bring this about. Rather, it is creation מאין' -something-ישׁ from-nothing comparable.' This power of creation of physical existence is derived from how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Alminencompassing all worlds."

וְלָכֵן כָּל הַמְשָׁכוֹת צָרִיךְ לִהְיוֹת מֵהַמָּקוֹר שָׁהוּא הָאַיִן. Therefore, all existence needs to come from the Ultimate Source, which is called the 'אַיִן'.Nothing we can understand.'

All existence is dependent on Hashem as He Truly exists, in the way that He encompasses all worlds equally. Only from that unlimited level can there be the power to create 'יַשׁ מַאַין' -something-from-nothing comparable.'

We now understand the connection of the three verses quoted above:

[.] אוֹר צב, ב וָאֵילָךְ). אוֹר שַנִּתִבָּאֵר מְזָה עַל פָּסוּק "יַבִּיאוּ לְבוּשׁ מַלְכוּת" (תּוֹרָה אוֹר צב, ב וָאֵילָךְ).

The first verse, "[Hashem says:] אַנִי ראשוֹן. I am first, יַּבְּבִּי אַחֲרוֹן -and I am last," is expressing the concept that both the first level of limited existence (Wisdom) and the last level (physical existence), derive from the unlimited, unknowable power of Hashem called 'אַרִי-Nothing we can understand,' which is the same letters as 'אַנִי' כּאַאַיִן' -I.' Only from this level can there be the power to create 'רַשׁ מַאַיִן' something-from-nothing comparable.'

The second verse, "With the words of Hashem, the heavens were בַּעֲשוּ -made," establishes that the process of creation happens through the Divine Speech. However, only because of the unlimited power of how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Almin-encompassing all worlds' invested in it, can Divine Speech create physical existence, which is a far removed category from the level of Divine Speech.

The third verse, "In the beginning, Hashem בְּרָא-created," established that the creative process is not a gradual process of interconnected levels, like in a person's process of development from intellect to speech etc. Rather, the creative process is a complete jump from one type of reality to another.

וְלָכֵן, כְּדֵי לְהַמְשִׁיךְ הָאָרָה וְהַמְשָׁכָה זוֹ, וּמַה גַּם בְּרֹאש־הַשָּׁנָה שֶׁאֲזֵי נִמְשַׁךְ חֵיוּת בְּלָלִי לְכָל הַשְּׁנָה, לָכֵן צָרִיךְ לִהְיוֹת הַעַבוֹרָה גַּם כֵּן בְּבִחִינַת סוֹבֵב שְׁבַּנֵּפִשׁ.

Therefore, in order to draw down this Light from how Hashem is 'Soveiv Kol Almin-encompassing all worlds' in order to enable the creation of the world, especially on Rosh Hashanah, when the general life-force for the entire year is drawn down, one needs to serve Hashem on the 'Soveiv-encompassing' level of the soul that is beyond the limitations of intellect

וְזֶהוּ דַּוְקָא עַל יְדֵי תְּשׁוּבָה, שֶׁבַּאֲשֶׁר הָאָדָם מוֹסֵר נַפְשׁוֹ לַה' כְּמוֹ רַבִּי אֱלִיעָזֶר בֶּן הוֹרְדַיָיא ּיּ, שֶׁהוּא מְסִירַת הָרָצוֹן;

This level is reached specifically through Teshuvah, when a person has 'Mesiras Nefesh-gives himself over to Hashem,' like the story of Eliezer Ben Durdaya, which means giving over one's will and desires to Hashem.

The Gemara (Avoda Zarah 17a) describes the story of Eliezer Ben Durdaya. He was on an extremely low spiritual level and was completely given over to only

.(עבוֹדָה זַרָה יז, א).

fulfilling his coarsest material desires. At one point, he came to the realization that he had completely distanced himself from Hashem, seemingly to the point of no return

When he realized that he was Jewish, but had utterly distanced himself from Hashem through his total involvement in material (and forbidden) desires, he became completely shaken to the core. He truly regretted his path in life and the unholy things he was involved in, and he cried bitterly from the depths of his soul. His Teshuva was so intense that he in fact died from the overwhelming experience of wanting to completely give himself over to Hashem and change his entire life.

When he (unfortunately) died from the intensity of this experience, his soul was allowed to enter Gan Eden, and he was given the title 'Rabbi.'

Rabbi Yehuda HaNasi (author of the Mishnah) said about him, "It is possible for a person to acquire a portion in the World to Come in one instant."

ְוַעַל דֶּרֶךְ זֶה עַל כָּל פָּנִים מְסִירַת הָרָצוֹן לַה' בְּכָל עִנְיְנֵי רְצוֹנוֹת הַנֶּפֶשׁ, לִהְיוֹת "בַּטֵל רִצוֹנָךָ"35,

Similarly, in our context, the idea of 'Mesiras Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem' means at least to give over one's will to Hashem, by giving over all the physical desires a person has, to "nullify his will" to Hashem's.

The Alter Rebbe will give four examples of holding back the natural desires of the animal soul:

לְהְיוֹת "עוֹצֵם צִינָיו" (יְשַעְיָה לג, טו) וְכַנַּ"ל; וְכֵן בִּשְׁמִיעָה וְדִיבּוּר; וְכֵן "לֹא תָתוּרוּ אַחֲרֵי לְבַרְכֶם" (שְלַח טו, לט) – בִּיטוּל־רָצוֹן בַּנַּ"ל; 1-Closing his eyes from seeing inappropriate things, 2-Guarding his hearing from inappropriate content, 3-Guarding one's speech that it should be proper, 4-Guarding one's thoughts from anything inappropriate, as it says, (Bamidbar 15:39) "And you shall not stray after the thoughts of your heart." These all express how a person nullifies his will to Hashem,

55 (אבוֹת ב, ד).

וְבֵן בַּעֲשִׂיַּית טוֹב בְּעַל כָּרְחֲךָ דַּוְקָא, לַעֲשׁוֹת הַכֹּל בְּהִיפּוּךְ רִצוֹנוֹ. nullifying one's will is also in regard to doing good things, so that that he should do things even if he has to force himself to do them, by doing everything Hashem wants, even when it is the opposite of the desires of his animal soul.

וְזֶהוּ גֵם בֵּן בְּחִינַת מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ בִּי "מַה לִּי קָטָלָא בּוּלָה [מַה לִי קַטְלָה פַּלְגָא] כּוּ"56,

This is also the idea of 'Mesiras Nefesh-giving oneself over to Hashem,' since (as in the Gemara, Baba Kama 65a) "What is the difference if someone is completely dead or half dead," either way he cannot function. So too, killing the desires of the animal soul is considered like a person is giving up his life for Hashem.

שָׁהוּא אִתְכַּפְּיָיא סִטְרָא־אָחֲרָא עַל יְדֵי "לֵב נִשְׁבָּר וְנִרְכָּה" (תְּהִלִּים נא, יט); This also subdues the 'Sitra Achara-Side Opposite of Holiness,' through having a "broken and crushed heart." (see Tehillim 51:19)

The Alter Rebbe will quote a verse to show that when a person humbles himself like a domestic animal is subservient to its owner, he brings about a spiritual salvation for himself:

"אָדָם וּבְהֵמָה תוֹשִׁיעַ" (תְּהֵלִּים לו, ז) – שֶׁיצַשֶּׁה עַצְמוֹ כִּבְהֵמָה, וְלֹא יַחְפּוֹץ בְּרָצוֹן וְתַאֲווֹת גַּשְׁמִיּוֹת. The verse says, (Tehillim 36:7), "Hashem saves people and animals," meaning that when one considers himself like a domestic animal that has no will of its own, he will push away his physical desires.

בְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוּב (תְּהַלִּים עג, כה): "וְעִמְךְ לֹא חָפַצְתִּי", דְּהַיִּינוּ אֲפִילוּ מַה שֵּׁ"עִמְךְ", "הוּא

As it is written, (Tehillim 73:25) "I don't want anything else together with You (Hashem)," meaning

^{56 (}בַּבֵא קַמֵא סה, א (וְעוֹד): "מַה לִי קָטֶלָה כּוּלָה מַה לִי קָטֶלָה כּוּלָה מָה לִי קָטֶלָה בּּלגַא").

הַיּוֹדֵעַ, הוּא הַמַּדָּע", "אִיהוּ וְגַּרְמוֹהִי חָד", פִּי אָם "בָּלָה שְׁאֵרִי וּלְבָבִי" (תְּהִלִּים עג, כוֹ) אֵלֵיו יִתַבַּרֵךְ מַמַּשׁ. that even the highest spiritual levels that are "with You," like the level of Chochmah-Wisdom of Atzilus, that "Hashem is the One who knows and is united with His Knowledge," and "He and His Sefiros of Atzilus are One," even these levels a person does not truly want. Rather, as the verse (ibid.) concludes, "My flesh and heart yearn" only for Hashem Himself.

וּכְמַאֲמָר (וָאֶתְחַנַּן ד, ז): "[כִּי מִי גוֹי נָּדוֹל אֲשֶׁר לוֹ אֶל-הִים קְרֹבִים אֵלָיו כַּה' אֱל-הֵינוּ] בְּכָל קָרְאֵנוּ אֵלָיוּ" – וְלֹא לְמִדּוֹתָיוּכּּ, As it says, (Devarim 4:7) "Which great nation has the privilege that Hashem is close to them, like Hashem our G-d is close to us whenever we call out to Him," meaning that we only call to Hashem Himself, and not to His 'Attributes,' the Sefiros of Atzilus.

מַכָּל־שֶׁכֵּן וְקַל־וָחֹמֶר - רְצוֹנוֹת גַּשְׁמִיִּים כּוּ׳.

If we are not even supposed to be interested in the Sefiros of Atzilus, how much more so should we not be interested in any material desires!

וְעַל יְדֵי זֶה יוּכֵל לָבֹא לִבְחִינַת "וּבְכָל מְאֹרֶךָ", לְהַמְשִׁיךְ מִבְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב, Through this process of giving over one's desires to Hashem, one can come to the level of loving Hashem "with all your might," which brings down the Light from how Hashem is 'Soveivencompassing' all worlds,

בִּי עַל יְבִי בִּיטוּל הָרָצוֹן הוּא מַגִּיעַ לְהַמָּקוֹר שֶׁהוּא הָאַיִן.

since by giving over the revealed **desires** of his animal soul and operating based on his

⁵⁷ (רִמְבַּ"ם הִלְכוֹת יְסוֹדֵי הַתּוֹרָה פֶּרֶק ב, הֲלָכָה י).

^{58 (}תִּקוּנֵי זֹהַר בַּהַקְּדָמָה).

^{.(}פַרדָס שָעַר לב רִישׁ פַרק ב בִּשָׁם הַסְפַרִי).

deeper/hidden level of connection to Hashem, he is able to reach the Source of all revelation, which is called the "אַיִּר.Nothing we can understand."

When a person acts in a way that is beyond the logic of his animal soul, his animal soul thinks he is acting crazy by being so dedicated to Hashem. That is how he reaches a level beyond all limitations, beyond the source of logic, which is the Ultimate Source of creation, by serving Hashem in a way that we cannot logically grasp and understand.

The Alter Rebbe will tie these concepts into a novel interpretation of a verse from Tehillim:

וּבְתִיב (תְּהַלִּים קמה, יח): "קָרוֹב ה' לְכָל קוֹרְאָיוֹ [לְכֹל אֲשֶׁר יִקְרָאָהוּ] וְגוּ' בָּאֱמֶת".

It is written, (Tehillim 145:18)
"Hashem is close to all those call upon Him, to all those who call to Him באמה-in truth."

The simple meaning of 'בֶּאֶבֶּת' in truth,' is that the person truthfully calls out to Hashem. Here, the Alter Rebbe explains it to mean 'בָּאֵבֶּת' into the Truth' of the Torah (i.e. a person calls to Hashem to come down and become invested into the Torah on a deeper level, bringing a greater revelation into and through his Torah learning).

וְזֶהוּ **"קוֹרֵא** בַּתּוֹרָה"®: שֶׁקוֹרֵא לְהַמָּקוֹר לִהְיוֹת נִמְשַׁךְ בַּתּוֹרָה.

This is the meaning of the phrase "בְּתוֹרֶה out בְּתוֹרֶה Torah study." The simple meaning is reading the Torah out loud. However, we can also interpret it to mean 'קוֹרֵא' calling out' to the Source, Hashem as He is, beyond all worlds, to be drawn down בְּתוֹרָת -into the Torah.

בִּי "אוֹרַיִיתָא מֵחָכְמָה נָפְקַת"ּהּ, "וְהַחָּכְמָה מֵאַיִן הִּפָּצֵא", וְעַל יְדֵי מְסִירַת־נֶפֶּשׁ מַמְשִׁיךְ מֵהַפָּקוֹר. וְכָל מַה שֶׁלוֹמֵד וְקוֹרֵא This is because (Zohar II, 121a) "The Torah comes forth from the level of Chochma-Wisdom," and

ה מְקוֹמוֹת). בּרָכוֹת רֵישׁ פֶּרֶק ב. וּבְכַמָּה מְקוֹמוֹת). 60

^{61 (}וֹהַר חֵלֵק ב קכא, א. רָאָה גַּם כֵּן שֵׁם פה, א. חֵלֵק ג פא, א).

אַחַר כָּךָ, הוּא נִקְרָא "תּוֹרָה־לִשְׁמָהּ" – לְשֵׁם הַתּוֹרָה, שֶׁמַּמְשִׁיךְ הֶאָרָה מֵהַמָּקוֹר להַתּוֹרָה.

"וַהַחָּכְמַה Wisdom -וְהַחָּכְמַה. -מאין from Nothing understand we can -תְּמֵצֵא -will be found," in a manner -something-from-'מאין nothing comparable.' But, through the person's 'Mesiras Nefeshgiving oneself over to Hashem,' he draws down from the Source of everything, from Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds, into the Torah as it exists at the level of Chochma-Wisdom.

וְעֶשִׁיתֶם א**ֹתְפֶּל** מִצְוֹת ה'] וַעֲשִׂיתֶם **אֹתָם"** - "אַל תִּקָרַא אוֹתַם אֵלָא **אַתֵּם** וְכוּי"®:

This is also the meaning of the verse, (Bamdibar 15:39) "And you shall remember all of the Mitzvos of Hashem אַהָם and do אַהָּלּיהָם and do אַהָּלּיהָם. "Do not read the verse as simply saying that we should 'do' i.e. fulfill 'הַּיִּהְיּ-them.' Rather, also read it as saying that 'אַהָּה vou (the Jewish People)' are the ones that are 'שִּיּיָהֶם making' them into Mitzvos in the first place," (see Sanhedrin 99b, Zohar III 113a).

שֶׁנְקְרָא **עֲשִׂיַּית** הַמִּצְנָה וְלֹא קִיּוּם בִּלְבַד, כִּי אָם עֲשִׂיָּה מֵחָדָשׁ, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתִּפַּשִּׁטוּת הַמִּחַיֶּה כָּל הָעוֹלָמוֹת.

This called **'making** Mitzvos' and simply not 'fulfilling' the already existing Mitzvos. Rather, it is making something new, which is a new expression of life from Hashem, for all the worlds. This comes as a result of a new dedication of a Jew to Hashem, and a new desire from Hashem to create the world and give us Mitzvos.

62 (סַנָהֶדְרִין צט, ב. וַיִּקָרַא רַבָּה לֹה, ו. וֹהַר חֵלֶק ג קיג, א).

וְזֶהוּ שֶׁכֶּתוּב "כִּי קֵרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדְּבָר כּוּ׳ לַ**עשוֹתו**ֹ". This is the meaning of the verse quoted at the beginning of the maamar, "For this matter, of the Torah and Mitzvos, is very accessible to you לעשותו make it [happen]."

"לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ" דַּוְקָא, לְהַמְשִׁיכוֹ מֵחָדָשׁ מַהַמָּקוֹר³. The word 'לְעשׁוֹתוּ' specifically means 'to make it from new,' or to draw down a new Desire from Hashem, the Ultimate Source, that He should have a new desire for our Torah and Mitzyos.

וְלָכֵן נֶאֱמֵר בְּמוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ־הַשָּׁנָה: "וַעֲשִּׂיתֶם עוֹלָה" (פִּנְחָס כט, ב) – בְּחִינַת לַעֲשׂוֹתוֹ: This is why, in the Musaf prayer of Rosh Hashanah, we say "יְשִׁיּהֶם-and you shall make burnt offering [for Hashem]," since we 'make' this Mitzvah by awakening Hashem's desire for it.

ְּדִהנֵה: "כִּינִשְׂגָב שְׁמוֹ לְבַדּוֹ" (תְּהִלִּים קמח, יג),
"עַד שֶׁלֹא נִבְרָא הָעוֹלֶם הָיָה הוּא וּשְׁמוֹ בִּלְבַד" . שֶׁהַשֵּׁם אֵינוֹ עַצְמוּתוֹ, כְּמוֹ אֵצֶל הָאָדָם - שֵׁם רְאוּבֵן וְשִׁמְעוֹן אֵינוֹ אֶלָּא הָאָדָה מֵעַצְמוּתוֹ . וְכֵן "בִּיוּ"ד נִבְרָא עוֹלָם־ הַבָּא וּבְהָ"א נִבְרָא עוֹלָם־הַזֶּה" - הַכּּל בבחינת "שִׁם" לבד. Now, some more explanation on this: It says, (Tehillim 148:13) "His Name is exalted, it is alone with Him," and (Pirkei De'Rebbe Eliezer chap. 3) "Before the world was created, there was only Name." Hashem and His Hashem's Name is not part of His Essence, just like with a person, his name, Reuven or Shimon, is just a limited expression of the essence of the person. So too, "the

⁶³ וּכְמוֹ שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "בְּשָׁעָה שֶׁהִקְדִּימוּ [..] **נַעֲשֶׂה**" (לְעֵיל בַּמִּךְבָּר יב, ד), בְּפֵירוּשׁ "עוֹשֵי דָבַרוֹ".

^{.(}פָרְקֵי דְּרַבִּי אֱלִיעֵזֵר פָּרֵק ג. רְאָה גַּם כֵּן תִּקוּנֵי וֹהַר תִּקוּן יט).

^{.(}לְעֵיל בְּהַר מא, ג). אָנּתְבָּאֵר מָזֶּה בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "אֶת שַׁבְּתוֹתַי תִּשְׁמֹרוּ" (לְעֵיל בְּהַר מא, ג).

^{66 (}מְנַחוֹת כט, ב).

World to Come was created with the letter Yud of His Name, and This World was created with the letter Hei of His Name." All of the levels of creation are derived only from Hashem's Name.

וְעַל יְדֵי מְסִירַת־נֶפֶשׁ הוּא מַמְשִׁיךְ בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב שֵׁמַגִּיעַ עַד הַמֵּקוֹר. But, through 'Mesiras Nefeshgiving oneself over to Hashem,' one draws down from Hashem as He is 'Soveiv-encompassing' all worlds equally, since this type of service reaches the Ultimate Source of everything.

ְזֶהוּ "כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַוֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹבִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם", אֲנִי מַמְּשׁ, שֶׁהוּא מָהוּתוֹ וְעַצְמוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת שֵׁם וְהֵאָרָה כּוּ. וִלָּבֵן נִקְרָא עַשִּׁיָּיה מִחָּדָשׁ. This is the meaning of the beginning of verse from Parshas Nitzavim quoted above, "For this Mitzvah that אַנכיי-I [Hashem] command you today, it is not separate or far from you," meaning that the word אַנבִיי I' is referring to Hashem Himself. literally. His Essence, which is above and beyond the level of any Name or revelation. This is the ultimate source of the Torah and Mitzvos, and therefore, this is called 'making new' His desire for Torah and Mitzvos, and His desire to recreate the world.

וְהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי "בְּפִּירָ" הוּא תּוֹרָה, "וּבַלְבַבָרָ" הוּא תִּשׁוּבַה.

This ability to make a new desire from Hashem comes from what it says in the continuation of the verse, "קָבּירְהּי in your mouth," which is referring to the study of Torah, and "זְבִּלְבָרְרְּהְ" in your heart," referring to Teshuva from the depths of the heart.

וְזֶהוּ "לַעֲשוֹתוֹ", פֵּירוּשׁ: שֶׁזֶהוּ שֶׁעוֹשִׂים מַמְשׁ כִּבְיָכוֹל בְּחִינַת "דְּבָרוֹ" וְלֹא קִיּוֹם בִּלְבַד כַּנַ"ל. וּכְעִנְיַן "וַיִּעַשׁ דְּוִד שֵׁם" (שְׁמוּאֵל־בַּלְבַד כַּנַ"ל. וּכְעִנְיַן "וַיִּעַשׁ דְּוִד שֵׁם" (שְׁמוּאֵל־ב ח.יג), כְּמוֹ שֵׁנְתָּבָּאֵר בְּמַקוֹם אֲחֶר.

This is the idea of "in your mouth, and in your heart, לעשותו-to make it [happen]," meaning that it is as if we are actually 'making' His Words of the Torah, and not just fulfilling them, as explained above. This is similar to what it says, (Shmuel II, 8:13) "And King ויעש'-made Name," David a meaning he 'made' Hashem's Name greater through his spiritual accomplishments.

ְּוֶהוּ שָׁאוֹמְרִים בְּקָרְבֵּן מוּסָף דְרֹאשׁ־ הַשָּׁנָה "וַ**עֲשִיתֶם** עוֹלָה", כִּי ראשׁ־הַשְּׁנָה הוֹא "תְּחִלַּת מַעֲשֶׂיךָ", שֶׁעוֹשִׂים וּבוֹנִים בְּחִינַת דְּבָרוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ. וְהַיִינוּ מֵהַמָּקוֹר שָׁהוֹא הַאַין.

This is why we say, regarding the Musaf offering on Rosh Hashanah, "ועשיתם-and you shall make עולה-a burnt offering [for Hashem]," since Rosh Hashanah "the beginning of Your [Hashem's] works," when 'make' and build up Hashem's Words. This process of 'making' Hashem's Words is accomplished by drawing energy into them from the Ultimate Source, which is called the אין. Nothing we can understand,' since it is beyond all worlds.

ְוֶדֶהוּ שֶׁאוֹמְרִים בְּמַלְכֻיּוֹת״: "כֹּה אָמַר ה' צְבָאוֹת מֶלֶךְ יִשְׁרָאֵל וְגוֹאֲלוֹ, אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן וַאֲנִי אַחֲרוֹן כּוּ"... This is why we say in the Musaf of Rosh Hashanah, in the verses describing Hashem's Kingship, (Yeshaya 44:6) "So says Hashem, Master of all Hosts, the King of Yisrael and their Redeemer, אַני

⁶⁷ (יְשַׁעָיָה מד, ו: "כֹּה אָמַר ה' מֶלֶךְ יִשְּׂרָאֵל וְגֹאֵלוֹ, ה' צְבָאוֹת: אֲנִי רִאשׁוֹן, וַאֲנִי אַחַרוֹן, וּמְבַּלְעָדֵי אֵין אֱלֹקִים"). ⁶⁸ וְעַיֵּין מַה שָׁנִתְבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בְּשִׁיר הַשִּׁירִים, בְּדִבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צַנָּאַרַךְ בַּחֲרוּזִים" (יג, ב). וְעַיֵּין בַּזֹהַר סוֹף פַּרֵשַׁת פִּנַחָס, דָף רנ"ח, עַמוּד ב', מֵעָנָן "וָ**עַשִּיתִם עוֹלַה**".

רָאשׁוֹן-I am first, יָאשׁוֹן-and I - בְאַנִי אַחֲרוֹן-and I - בוֹאָנִי אַחֲרוֹן

In order for all the levels, from the first level (Chochma) until the last level (the physical world) to be created from the "אָני". I am," which is the same letters as "אַרּן. Nothing we can understand," there must first be an awakening from Hashem, which is caused by Him being "King of Yisrael and their Redeemer."

Until now, the Alter Rebbe explained the phrase 'לְעֵשׁוֹתוֹ' to make it [happen]' as referring to how we 'make' the Torah and Mitzvos from new by awakening a new desire from Hashem to be King over us and 're-give' us Mitzvos.

Now, he will explain a different interpretation of 'לְעֵשׁוֹתוּ' to make it [happen],' as referring to 'making' the world again on Rosh Hashanah, which is also accomplished through our service of Hashem.

וְגַּם פֵּירוּשׁ "לַעֲשׁוֹתוֹ" – עַל דֶּרֶךְ מַה שֶּׁבֶּתוּב בַּוֹהֵר פָּרְשַׁת וַיֵּרָא דַף קט"ו עַמוּד א' עַל פָּסוּק (וַיַּרָא כא, א) "וַיַּעֲשׁ ה' לְשָׂרָה כוּ'": "עַשִּׂיַּיִה אִיהוּ לְעֵילַא".

Another explanation of 'לְּשְׁשׁוּהוּ' to make it [happen],' is similar to how the Zohar (I, 115a) explains the verse, (Bereishis 21:1) "And Hashem יַּיַשִּׁישׁיִּה" made for Sarah as He promised her..." explaining that "עַשְּיִּהְה" y-making something new is the highest level."

Hashem had to "make" a child for her in a manner of 'something-from-nothing,' since she was a barren woman and it was physically impossible for her to have children. So, Hashem had to 'make' a child for her in a totally new and supernatural manner.

ְוָהַיְינוּ כִּי מִשָּׁם נִמְשַׁךְ גַּם כֵּן לִהְיוֹת הָעֲשִׂיָיה וְהַהִּתְהוּוֹת יֵשׁ מֵאַין, שׁזֶהוּ לְמַעְלָה מֵהִשְׁתַּלְשְׁלוּתיּיּ. Meaning that from this service, i.e. our service of Hashem in a way of 'Mesirus Nefesh-giving ourselves over to Hashem,' we are able 'ישוח' to make' and create everything in the world 'something-from-nothing,' from a level higher than the chainlike descent of worlds.

⁶⁹ וְעַיֵּין מַה שֶׁנִּתְבָּאֵר מִזֶּה בְּדִּבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "צַו אֶת בְּנֵי יִשְׂרָאֵל כוּ**׳, אֶת הַכֶּבֶשׁ הָאָחָד תַּעֲשֶׂה** כוּ*''"* (לְעֵיל פִּנְחַס עח, ג־ד).

ְוָהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי "וְעִמְּךְ **לֹא חָפַּצְתִּי**" (תְּהַלִּים עג, כה), אֲשֶׁר פֵּירוּש "חֵפֶץ" הוּא הַתְּשׁוּקָה הַפּנִימִית^{ּה},

This is through the inner love for Hashem, to the point that "I don't hashem, to the point that "I don't 'קפַּאָהִי desire anything together with you," since the word 'תַּפֶּאָהִ' means a very inward desire and yearning,

וְהַיְינוּ עַל יְדֵי שֶׁיּתְבּוֹנֵן שֶׁכָּל הָעוֹלָמוֹת הוּא רַק בְּחִינַת זְמָן, שֶׁהוּא בְּחִינַת הִתְּפַּשְׁטוּת הֶאָרָה אַחַת כַּנַ"ל, וּכְלָא חָשִׁיב לְגַמְרֵי לְגַבֵּי מָהוּתוֹ וְעַצְמוּתוֹ יִתְבָּרֵךְ שֶׁלְמַעְלָה מַעְלָה מִבְּחִינַת זְמַן״. which comes from thinking about the fact that all of the worlds only derive from the level of time, and all of time is just one thought of Hashem, one single, limited revelation of Hashem that contains all of time and space at once, which is like absolutely nothing, compared to Hashem, Who in His very Essence and Being is above and beyond the category of time.

וְלָזֶה נִתְקְנוּ עֲשֶׂרֶת יְמֵי תְשׁוּבָה: שֶׁיֵשׁ עֶשֶׂר סְפִירוֹת בְּנֶפֶשׁ הָאָדָם – ג' שִׂכְלִיִּים וְז' מִדּוֹת, וְצָרִיךְ לְהַעֲלוֹתָם כּוּלָן לַה' בִּבְחִינֵת תְשׁוּבָה, עַד יוֹם־הַכִּפּוּרִים, שֶׁהוּא לְמַעְלָה כְּדְכְתִיב (אַחֲרֵי טז, ל): "לִ**פְנֵי ה'** תִּטְהָרוּ", וְהַיִינוּ עַל יְדֵי תִּשׁוּבַה.

This is why the Sages established Ten Days of Teshuva: There are ten soul powers in a person - three intellectual and seven emotional - and all ten of these aspects need to be elevated to Hashem through Teshuva, until Yom Kippur, when a Jew reaches the highest level, as it is written regarding Yom Kippur, (Vayikra 16:30) "You shall be purified before Havaya," meaning on a level before/higher than Hashem's Name of Havayah. This elevation is accomplished through Teshuva.

ּ וְדֶרֶךְ פְּרָט יֵשׁ בִּתְשׁוּבָה גַּם כֵּן ב' מַדְרֵגוֹת – תִּשׁוּבָה־תַּתַּאָה וּתִשׁוּבָה־עִילַאָה: In particular, in Teshuva itself there are two levels - 'Teshuva Tita'a-Lower Level Teshuva,' and

רָאֵה כוּ, ב). אָנְתְבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "וְשַׂמְתִּי כַּדְכד", גַּבֵּי "לְ**אַרְנֵי חֵפֶץ**" (לְעֵיל פָּרְשַׁת רְאֵה כוּ, ב). 70 וּנְמֵין מָה שָׁנָתבָּאֵר בְּדָבּוּר הַמַּתְחִיל "מִי אֵל כַּמוֹךּ" (לְקַמֵּן רֹאשׁ הַשְּׁנַה סא, א וַאִילַךְ). 71

'Teshuva Ila'a-Higher Level Teshuva.'

הְשׁוּבָה־תַּתָּאָה הִיא בִּבְחִינַת מְמַלֵּא שְׁבַּנָּפָשׁ, הַיִּינוּ בְּמַחֲשָׁבָה דְבּוּר וּמַעֲשֶׂה הַנִּמְשָׁבִים מֵהַשֵּׁכֶל וּמִדּוֹת, לְקַשְׁרָן כּוּלְן אַלֵיו יִתבַּרַךְ כַּל אָחַד לפִי עַרכּוֹ.

'Teshuva Tita'a-Lower Level Teshuva' is on the 'Memalei-permeating' level of the soul, which is expressed in one's thought, speech, and action, by connecting all of these aspects to Hashem, each person according to his capacity.

וְזֶהוּ עִנְיַן "בְּכָל **לְבָבְך**ְ" – בִּשְׁנֵי יְצָרֶירְ^{יֵי}, "וּבְכָל נַפְשֶׁךְ". This level of Teshuva corresponds to the love of Hashem "בְּבָל לְבָבְןּ לְבָבְל לְבָבְל לְבָבְל לְבָבְל לְבָבְל לְבָבְל לְבָבְל וֹ spects of your heart," by revealing the hidden love of the Divine soul and transforming the material desires of the animal soul, and "בְּבָל נַבְּשֶׁךְ" -with all of your soul [garments]," meaning with thought, speech, and action.

אַךְ תְּשׁוּבָה־עִילָּאָה הוּא בְּחִינַת סוֹבֵב שֶׁבַּנֶּפֶשׁ, בְּחִינַת "בְּכָל מְאֹדֶךְ". However, 'Teshuva Ila'a-Higher Level Teshuva,' corresponds to the 'Soveiv-encompassing' level of the soul, which is expressed in the love of Hashem "בְּלַ מְאֹנֶךְ" with all of your might."

ְוְגַּם בְּחִינָה זוֹ הוֹא "קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ", כְּמוֹ שֶׁבָּתוֹב: "כִּי קָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדְּבָר מְאֹד", Even this level is "accessible to you," as it says, "בְּי בֶּרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַּי הָרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ for this matter of הָדָּבָר מְאֹר ,' i.e. the love of Hashem 'בְּכָל מְאֹדְ -with all your might,' is near and accessible to you,"

The simple meaning of "בִּי קְרוֹב אֵלֶיךְ הַדְּבָר מְאֹד" is that the matter of Torah and Mitzvos is 'קרוב מְאֹד' very accessible/close' and 'מָאֹד' means 'very.' Here, the Alter Rebbe is interpreting the word 'מְאֹד' as a reference to the limitlessness of Hashem in the verse "בְּכַל מְאַדֶר" with all of your might." According to this

72 (בְּרָכוֹת נד, א).

interpretation, the verse means to say that the love of Hashem that is referred to as 'מָאֹד' is 'מָאֹד' -accessible.'

וְכַנַ"ל בְּפֵירוּשׁ ""[כִּי הַמִּצְוָה הַזֹּאת אֲשֶׁר אָנֹכִי מְצַוְּךְ הַיּוֹם לֹא נִפְּלֵאת הָוֹא מִמְּךְ: וְלֹא רְחוֹקָה הִיֹא כוּ', כִּי קָרוֹב [אֵלֶיךְ הַדָּבָר מְאֹד בְּפִיךְ וּבִלְבָבְךְ לעשתוֹ] כוּ".:

As we explained above, at the beginning of the maamar, meaning of the double expression in the verse, "בי המצוה הואת-for this Mitzvah אַשֶר אַנכִי-that I, Hashem's Essence, מְצַוּךְ הַיּוֹם-command you today, לא נפלאת הוא ממך-1-it is not separate from you ולא רחקה הוא -2-and it is not far, בי קרוב אליךrather, it is accessible to you הַדַבר -מאד -even the מאד-unlimited' level of the soul, בפיך-in your mouth, through Torah study on the 'מאד' unlimited' level, ובלבבר-and in your heart, through deep Teshuva, when you connect to the 'מאֹר'of Hashem, unlimited' aspect so that you can make new the Torah and the creation of the world"

The first expression, 'לֹא נִפְּלֵאח' - not separate,' refers to the revealed level of the Torah that is already part of the Jewish soul from before he was born, and connects the revealed 'Memalei' level of the soul to the 'Mamalei' level of Hashem's Light.

The second expression, 'רְלֹא רְחֹקָה הוֹא - and it is not far,' refers to the deeper, hidden level of the Torah that is from 'Soveiv,' and connects the 'Soveiv' level of the soul to the 'Soveiv' aspect of Hashem. This deeper level connection between the soul, the Torah, and Hashem, is related to the phrase 'בְּאֹר unlimited,' since on this level Jews, Torah and Hashem all exist beyond time and express something that is higher than the limits of logic.

The verse tells us that even this deeper level of the soul, the 'מְאֹד -unlimited' level, is ' קרוב -accessible' to us, since it is our true essence. This is true even though we are not always conscious of it. Through this deeper level of the soul, we connect to the 'מְאֹד -unlimited' aspect of the Torah and Hashem.

How do we access this deeper level of the soul? Through two things:

- 1- Contemplation of the fact that all of creation (all of time and space), is only one single 'thought' of Hashem. This 'thought' is only a miniscule revelation of Hashem, like one ray of light compared to the entire sun. Hashem's True Being and Essence is a totally different category of existence than that of anything He revealed or created. Based on this understanding, one need have no desire for anything other than Hashem Himself. And if one need have no desire for even the highest spiritual levels, how much more is there no reason to desire anything in this physical world!
- 2- True Teshuva from the depths of the soul. A Jew must realize that his soul comes from the Highest Heights, from Hashem's very Essence. This soul descended to the lowest possible level, becoming completely submerged in physicality to the extent that not only does one not have the same connection to Hashem that he had before, but he sometimes completely forgets about holiness and Hashem entirely, and can do something against Hashem's very Will! When he realizes how far he is from his source in Hashem, he will be completely shaken up and cry out in his heart to Hashem, yearning to return to Him.

Through this deeper level of love of Hashem and deep Teshuva, we are able to access the essence of our soul. On that level, we connect to Hashem's very Essence. From there, we are able to bring about a new revelation into the Torah, 'making' the Torah new, as it were. And from there, we bring about a new desire from Hashem to re-create the entire world. This is especially important on Rosh Hashanah, when we need to renew Hashem's Desire to re-create the life of the entire world for the entire year.

Hosafos/Addendum

Mashal/Analogy of the Baal Shem Tov for the Shofar:

To better understand one way to come to deep Teshuva on Rosh Hashanah, we will bring an analogy/mashal from the holy Baal Shem Tov, explaining the idea of the cry of the Shofar:

Mashal/Analogy:

A king had a son that he wished would succeed him as king. He wanted his son to know how to take care of himself, how to learn on his own, and how to be courageous and come up with ideas on his own initiative. So, after years of learning in the palace with his tutors, the king sent his son off to a faraway land so that his son should grow up and become his own person.

The king gave him fancy clothing, gold and silver, and ministers, to help him get established in his new place.

When the king sent him off, he reminded him, "Remember, you are on a mission! Don't get distracted by anything!"

Soon after the son arrived, he began to relax. He didn't spend time learning from his new culture. Instead, he spent all of his money on luxuries and he ruined his fancy clothing. The ministers that were with him left him because they saw that he was not accomplishing anything.

Eventually, he became so poor that he had to go around collecting tzedakah. He even forgot the language of his home country, the language spoken in the palace of the king.

One day, signs started to go up all over town: The great king is coming through this town! Everyone in town was very excited and made the necessary preparations for such an honorable visitor. The son of the king found out that this kind is his father and also become excited, but he soon became disheartened, thinking that no one would believe him that he is the son of the king. He tried to come close to the king as the king was passing through, but the guards just pushed him away, thinking he was just some beggar who would disgrace the king. He could not even remember the language of the king, so he just broke down crying and sobbing.

The king heard the sounds of the crying and recognized his son's voice. He told the guards to let the apparent beggar through. Finally, the son was reunited with his father! He had a true feeling of regret for how he completely forgot about his mission, and he promised his father, the king, that he learned his lesson and will stay on track in life.

The Nimshal/Analogue:

Our Neshama was sent by Hashem, Avinu Malkeinu-our Father and King- to this world to accomplish Hashem's intent and purpose of creation. This is fulfilled through learning Torah and fulfilling Mitzvos. Hashem gives us the power to fulfill the mission. But we get distracted from the mission and get caught up in other things. We ruin our "royal garments" of thought, speech, deed of Torah and Mitzvos, and we forget the meaning of the Torah and Tefilla, the "language of the King." When we hear that Hashem is coming to judge the whole world, we get excited that this is our chance to come close to Hashem. But we become disheartened when we realize how far we are from knowing the "language of the King." The only way to reach Hashem is through the simple cry that comes from knowing that He is our True Father and that we are his children, and that what we want more than anything is to come back to Hashem and fulfill the mission that He sent us on. This simple cry is the cry of the Shofar.

Likutay Torah English translation project:

The original text of the maamarim with נקודות and punctuation is presented side by side with a phrase-by-phrase translation and explanation. The translation of the text is in **bold** whereas the commentary is in regular font. The explanations of general concepts that are not directly relevant to understanding the flow of the maamar are in footnotes.

All of the commentary of the Tzemach Tzedek printed with brackets in the original Likutay Torah have been moved to the Hebrew footnotes and left untranslated.

The Goal

The main purpose of this project is to enable the reader to learn the Likutay Torah in the original. By learning the words, structure, and concepts of the maamarim, eventually they should be able to learn it by themselves in the original.

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לעילוי נשמת הרהיית רי חיים שניאור זלמן יהודה זייל בן יבלחטייא רי אהרן לייב שיחיי

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